

NEW SOUTH WALES RECORDED CRIME STATISTICS

**Quarterly Update
March 2008**

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INTRODUCTION

This report is a quarterly update of trends in recorded criminal incidents in New South Wales. The report shows trends in 17 major crime categories. The offences reported are those for which the number of recorded incidents is a reliable indicator of the actual incidence of the offence. Offences where the number of recorded incidents reflects the level of policing are not included in this report. Trends are reported for the whole of New South Wales, the 12 NSW Statistical Divisions and the 14 Sydney Statistical Subdivisions.

Trends are calculated by the application of a statistical test for trend¹ to the monthly numbers of recorded criminal incidents over the last eight quarters (24 months) for each offence category except for murder*.

For offences where a statistically significant trend was found, the extent of the trend is indicated by the percentage change in the total number of recorded incidents (for murder, recorded victims) between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period; and between the last 12-month period and the 12-month period 48 months earlier.

Note that the time lag between the reporting of criminal incidents to police and the verification of these incidents on COPS means that some upward revision of data cannot be avoided, particularly for the latest month of the report period.

SUMMARY OF RECORDED CRIME TRENDS IN NEW SOUTH WALES

Offence category	Annual percentage change over the last 24 months	Average annual percentage change over the last 60 months
Murder*	Stable	Stable
Assault - domestic violence related	Stable	Stable
Assault - non-domestic violence related	Stable	Stable
Sexual assault	Stable	Stable
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Stable	Stable
Robbery without a weapon	Stable	Down by 4.9%
Robbery with a firearm	Stable	Down by 10.8%
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Stable	Down by 5.3%
Break and enter - dwelling	Stable	Down by 6.7%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	Down by 8.6%	Down by 8.9%
Motor vehicle theft	Down by 5.3%	Down by 6.8%
Steal from motor vehicle	Stable	Stable
Steal from retail store	Stable	Down by 4.1%
Steal from dwelling	Stable	Down by 6.4%
Steal from person	Stable	Down by 10.3%
Fraud	Stable	Up by 3.1%
Malicious damage to property	Stable	Up by 2.9%

1. The trend test used was Kendall's rank-order correlation test (see, for example, Conover, W.J. 1980, *Practical Non-Parametric Statistics*, 2nd ed, John Wiley and Sons, pp 256-260). A two-tailed test with a 0.05 significance level cut off ($\alpha=0.05$) was used to determine whether there had been an increasing or decreasing trend in the number of recorded criminal incidents over the most recent twenty-four month period covered in the report. Some month-to-month variation in the number of recorded criminal incidents could be due in part to seasonal factors. The test for trend is not sensitive to seasonal variation; it is sensitive only to a generally increasing or generally decreasing trend over the time period examined.

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

NEW SOUTH WALES Type of offence		Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
		12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Homicide	Murder*	86	80	STABLE
	Attempted murder	61	58	STABLE
	Murder accessory, conspiracy	7	5	N.A.
	Manslaughter *	10	4	N.A.
Assault	Domestic violence related	27,360	26,657	STABLE
	Non-domestic violence related	45,496	45,859	STABLE
Sexual offences	Sexual assault	4,093	4,111	STABLE
	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	5,423	5,008	STABLE
Abduction and kidnapping		387	373	STABLE
Robbery	Robbery without a weapon	4,902	4,948	STABLE
	Robbery with a firearm	531	532	STABLE
	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	2,433	2,213	STABLE
Blackmail and extortion		66	72	STABLE
Harassment, threatening behaviour and private nuisance		23,699	24,716	UP 4.3%
Other offences against the person		1,707	1,590	STABLE
Theft	Break and enter - dwelling	47,028	46,771	STABLE
	Break and enter - non-dwelling	26,338	24,062	DOWN 8.6%
	Receiving or handling stolen goods	5,914	5,901	STABLE
	Motor vehicle theft	27,931	26,454	DOWN 5.3%
	Steal from motor vehicle	59,348	62,275	STABLE
	Steal from retail store	18,257	18,183	STABLE
	Steal from dwelling	24,185	22,378	STABLE
	Steal from person	11,999	11,565	STABLE
	Stock theft	587	577	STABLE
	Fraud	34,223	34,008	STABLE
Other theft	42,044	39,573	STABLE	
Arson		7,960	7,014	DOWN 11.9%
Malicious damage to property		110,415	106,648	STABLE
Drug offences	Possession and/or use of cocaine	365	313	STABLE
	Possession and/or use of narcotics	633	817	UP 29.1%
	Possession and/or use of cannabis	12,169	12,829	STABLE
	Possession and/or use of amphetamines	2,613	2,553	STABLE
	Possession and/or use of ecstasy	999	1,167	UP 16.8%
	Possession and/or use of other drugs	1,231	1,348	UP 9.5%
	Dealing, trafficking in cocaine	150	132	STABLE
	Dealing, trafficking in narcotics	295	219	STABLE
	Dealing, trafficking in cannabis	505	461	STABLE
	Dealing, trafficking in amphetamines	777	776	STABLE
	Dealing, trafficking in ecstasy	362	425	STABLE
	Dealing, trafficking in other drugs	80	109	STABLE
	Cultivating cannabis	1,073	1,107	UP 3.2%
	Manufacture drug	38	52	STABLE
Importing drugs	21	20	STABLE	
Other drug offences	2,834	2,905	STABLE	
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences		8,393	8,220	STABLE
Disorderly conduct	Trespass	8,934	9,170	UP 2.6%
	Offensive conduct	6,134	7,711	UP 25.7%
	Offensive language	5,459	6,102	UP 11.8%
	Criminal intent	1,546	1,518	STABLE
Betting and gaming offences		439	323	STABLE
Liquor offences		16,100	18,265	UP 13.4%
Pornography offences		117	166	STABLE
Prostitution offences		188	214	STABLE
Against justice procedures	Escape custody	239	226	STABLE
	Breach Apprehended Violence Order	11,569	11,660	STABLE
	Breach bail conditions	15,808	20,269	UP 28.2%
	Fail to appear	599	803	UP 34.1%
	Resist or hinder officer	6,894	7,533	UP 9.3%
Other offences against justice procedures		680	660	STABLE
Transport regulatory offences		33,647	37,899	STABLE
Other offences		16,826	15,430	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward trend in the monthly number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

SUMMARY OF RECORDED CRIME TRENDS BY REGION

NEW SOUTH WALES STATISTICAL DIVISIONS

SYDNEY STATISTICAL SUBDIVISIONS

Table 1: Percentage change in number of recorded incidents over the 24 months to March 2008[^] for major offences showing statistically significant trends in NSW Statistical Divisions.

NSW Statistical Divisions	<i>Murder*</i>	<i>Assault - domestic violence related</i>	<i>Assault - non-domestic violence related</i>	<i>Sexual assault</i>	<i>Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences</i>	<i>Robbery without a weapon</i>	<i>Robbery with a firearm</i>	<i>Robbery with a weapon not a firearm</i>	<i>Break and enter - dwelling</i>	<i>Break and enter - non-dwelling</i>	<i>Motor vehicle theft</i>	<i>Steal from motor vehicle</i>	<i>Steal from retail store</i>	<i>Steal from dwelling</i>	<i>Steal from person</i>	<i>Fraud</i>	<i>Malicious damage to property</i>
Sydney	ns	ns	3.3	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-1.5	-11.6	-6.1	8.5	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Hunter	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	4.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Illawarra	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	-11.7	ns	-26.2	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Richmond-Tweed	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Mid-North Coast	.	ns	4.5	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Northern	.	ns	2.1	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
North Western	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	-11.0	-25.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Central West	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	54.3	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
South Eastern	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Murrumbidgee	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Murray	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	18.0	ns	36.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Far West	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	.	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	.	ns	ns

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward trend in the monthly number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. A positive figure indicates a significant upward trend, whereas a negative figure indicates a significant downward trend. A 'ns' indicates that there was no significant upward or downward trend, and if the number of incidents was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed, a '.' is shown.

Table 2: Percentage change in number of recorded incidents over the 24 months to March 2008[^] for major offences showing statistically significant trends in Sydney Statistical Subdivisions.

Sydney Statistical Subdivisions	Murder*	Assault - domestic violence related	Assault - non-domestic violence related	Sexual assault	Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	Robbery without a weapon	Robbery with a firearm	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	Break and enter - dwelling	Break and enter - non-dwelling	Motor vehicle theft	Steal from motor vehicle	Steal from retail store	Steal from dwelling	Steal from person	Fraud	Malicious damage to property
Inner Sydney	.	ns	8.3	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-5.7	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Eastern Suburbs	.	18.1	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-17.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-14.1
St George-Sutherland	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	20.2	ns	ns	-22.7	-23.6	ns	12.2	-7.1	ns	ns	ns	ns
Canterbury-Bankstown	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	-38.3	ns	-30.4	ns	ns	-15.1	ns	-22.1	ns	ns	ns	ns
Fairfield-Liverpool	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Outer South Western Sydney	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-52.3	ns	ns	-19.1	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Inner Western Sydney	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	35.8	ns	ns	33.0	ns	ns
Central Western Sydney	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	16.9	ns	-14.9	ns	ns	ns
Outer Western Sydney	.	6.4	3.1	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-11.3	-9.0	-7.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Blacktown	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-7.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Lower Northern Sydney	.	20.8	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	23.5	27.2	ns	ns	ns	ns
Central Northern Sydney	.	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-19.7	ns	16.6	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Northern Beaches	.	ns	9.5	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	-24.4	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns
Gosford-Wyong	.	1.9	ns	ns	-35.3	ns	ns	ns	ns	-33.7	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns	ns

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward trend in the monthly number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. A positive figure indicates a significant upward trend, whereas a negative figure indicates a significant downward trend. A 'ns' indicates that there was no significant upward or downward trend, and if the number of incidents was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed, a '.' is shown.

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**INCIDENCE AND TRENDS IN
RECORDED CRIME
IN NEW SOUTH WALES REGIONS**

TOTALS FOR THE LAST TWO 12-MONTH PERIODS

NEW SOUTH WALES AND ITS STATISTICAL DIVISIONS

**Table 3: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

NEW SOUTH WALES Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	86	80	STABLE
Assault - domestic violence related	27,360	26,657	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	45,496	45,859	STABLE
Sexual assault	4,093	4,111	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	5,423	5,008	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	4,902	4,948	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	531	532	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	2,433	2,213	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	47,028	46,771	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	26,338	24,062	DOWN 8.6%
Motor vehicle theft	27,931	26,454	DOWN 5.3%
Steal from motor vehicle	59,348	62,275	STABLE
Steal from retail store	18,257	18,183	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	24,185	22,378	STABLE
Steal from person	11,999	11,565	STABLE
Fraud	34,223	34,008	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	110,415	106,648	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward trend in the monthly number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

Table 4: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^]. Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

Sydney Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008		
Murder*	52	49	STABLE	
Assault - domestic violence related	14,626	14,694	STABLE	
Assault - non-domestic violence related	25,105	25,942	UP	3.3%
Sexual assault	1,953	1,937	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	2,767	2,655	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	4,094	4,202	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	473	477	STABLE	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	2,077	1,912	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	29,012	28,591	DOWN	1.5%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	12,597	11,139	DOWN	11.6%
Motor vehicle theft	19,381	18,201	DOWN	6.1%
Steal from motor vehicle	40,194	43,605	UP	8.5%
Steal from retail store	12,431	12,322	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	11,464	10,826	STABLE	
Steal from person	9,960	9,717	STABLE	
Fraud	25,847	26,206	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	60,401	58,915	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 5: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Hunter Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	10	12	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	2,897	2,682	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	4,263	4,199	STABLE
Sexual assault	424	477	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	515	519	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	235	221	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	21	23	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	124	119	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	4,534	4,734	UP 4.4%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	3,739	3,404	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	2,862	2,896	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	5,825	5,663	STABLE
Steal from retail store	1,408	1,463	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	3,116	2,750	STABLE
Steal from person	590	522	STABLE
Fraud	2,319	2,152	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	11,842	11,153	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

Table 6: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^]. Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

Illawarra Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	4	3	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,701	1,588	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	2,851	2,724	STABLE
Sexual assault	288	238	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	284	262	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	190	162	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	11	12	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	88	70	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	2,852	2,518	DOWN 11.7%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,773	1,675	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	1,670	1,233	DOWN 26.2%
Steal from motor vehicle	3,114	2,784	STABLE
Steal from retail store	1,008	996	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	1,541	1,431	STABLE
Steal from person	420	355	STABLE
Fraud	1,492	1,325	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	7,579	7,377	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 7: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Richmond-Tweed Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	3	1	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,141	1,105	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,889	1,926	STABLE
Sexual assault	190	217	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	211	241	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	58	73	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	11	3	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	24	20	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	1,353	1,417	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,190	1,052	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	632	697	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,661	1,487	STABLE
Steal from retail store	674	591	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	1,239	1,103	STABLE
Steal from person	245	252	STABLE
Fraud	855	794	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,665	3,539	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 8: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Mid-North Coast Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	4	3	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,388	1,295	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	2,083	2,177	UP 4.5%
Sexual assault	285	249	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	343	257	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	90	65	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	7	8	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	31	26	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	1,977	1,895	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,804	1,744	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	836	829	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,912	2,008	STABLE
Steal from retail store	741	667	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	1,678	1,398	STABLE
Steal from person	211	168	STABLE
Fraud	760	862	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	5,432	5,201	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 9: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Northern Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	4	2	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,114	1,056	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,765	1,802	UP 2.1%
Sexual assault	206	211	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	238	197	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	67	44	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	0	2	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	13	7	N.A.
Break and enter - dwelling	1,516	1,525	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,056	1,034	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	397	368	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,159	1,196	STABLE
Steal from retail store	426	497	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	930	861	STABLE
Steal from person	94	107	STABLE
Fraud	463	436	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	4,151	3,933	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 10: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

North Western Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008		
Murder*	2	4	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	1,168	1,131	STABLE	
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,528	1,462	STABLE	
Sexual assault	166	164	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	257	184	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	41	38	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	1	1	N.A.	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	21	12	N.A.	
Break and enter - dwelling	1,172	1,213	STABLE	
Break and enter - non-dwelling	772	687	DOWN	11.0%
Motor vehicle theft	539	401	DOWN	25.6%
Steal from motor vehicle	1,026	836	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	307	366	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	758	749	STABLE	
Steal from person	88	70	STABLE	
Fraud	443	392	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	3,415	3,167	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 11: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Central West Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	1	2	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	908	866	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,473	1,376	STABLE
Sexual assault	143	177	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	212	182	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	35	54	UP 54.3%
Robbery with a firearm	2	2	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	17	14	N.A.
Break and enter - dwelling	1,339	1,344	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	888	899	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	446	474	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,141	1,369	STABLE
Steal from retail store	322	351	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	938	908	STABLE
Steal from person	118	98	STABLE
Fraud	416	469	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	4,076	4,028	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 12: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

South Eastern Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	1	1	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	740	721	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,439	1,308	STABLE
Sexual assault	152	138	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	202	167	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	37	30	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	4	2	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	13	12	N.A.
Break and enter - dwelling	1,026	1,118	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	927	874	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	435	470	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,070	1,188	STABLE
Steal from retail store	366	297	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	881	821	STABLE
Steal from person	89	89	STABLE
Fraud	642	506	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,756	3,248	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 13: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Murrumbidgee Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	3	0	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	732	739	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,218	1,185	STABLE
Sexual assault	140	157	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	212	182	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	35	30	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	0	2	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	15	13	N.A.
Break and enter - dwelling	1,152	1,100	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	748	680	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	350	358	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,100	1,062	STABLE
Steal from retail store	377	369	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	878	734	STABLE
Steal from person	95	116	STABLE
Fraud	432	430	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,142	3,175	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 14: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Murray Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	1	2	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	583	525	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	891	806	STABLE
Sexual assault	89	89	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	127	113	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	16	23	N.A.
Robbery with a firearm	1	0	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	8	7	N.A.
Break and enter - dwelling	816	963	UP 18.0%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	707	712	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	314	429	UP 36.6%
Steal from motor vehicle	970	871	STABLE
Steal from retail store	171	231	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	581	647	STABLE
Steal from person	71	63	STABLE
Fraud	495	385	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	2,226	2,161	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

Table 15: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^]. Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

Far West Statistical Division Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	0	1	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	317	248	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	313	245	STABLE
Sexual assault	33	30	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	29	25	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	4	5	N.A.
Robbery with a firearm	0	0	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	2	0	N.A.
Break and enter - dwelling	279	353	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	135	162	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	68	96	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	170	203	STABLE
Steal from retail store	26	33	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	181	150	STABLE
Steal from person	18	8	N.A.
Fraud	52	46	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	614	675	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**INCIDENCE AND TRENDS IN
RECORDED CRIME
IN NEW SOUTH WALES REGIONS**

TOTALS FOR THE LAST TWO 12-MONTH PERIODS

SYDNEY STATISTICAL SUBDIVISIONS

Table 16: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^]. Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

Inner Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008		
Murder*	8	7	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	1,509	1,451	STABLE	
Assault - non-domestic violence related	5,408	5,855	UP	8.3%
Sexual assault	249	250	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	390	418	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	1,176	1,360	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	99	101	STABLE	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	553	547	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	3,097	3,526	STABLE	
Break and enter - non-dwelling	2,200	2,102	STABLE	
Motor vehicle theft	2,510	2,366	DOWN	5.7%
Steal from motor vehicle	9,598	10,692	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	2,040	2,161	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	1,598	1,650	STABLE	
Steal from person	4,890	4,663	STABLE	
Fraud	5,120	4,947	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	7,016	7,011	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 17: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Eastern Suburbs Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	6	2	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	576	680	UP 18.1%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,514	1,518	STABLE
Sexual assault	76	86	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	180	146	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	254	262	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	28	23	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	95	107	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	1,962	2,002	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	572	470	DOWN 17.8%
Motor vehicle theft	1,201	1,328	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	2,147	2,219	STABLE
Steal from retail store	935	941	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	848	776	STABLE
Steal from person	784	641	STABLE
Fraud	1,613	1,773	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,626	3,115	DOWN 14.1%

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 18: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

St George-Sutherland Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	3	4	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,070	1,126	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,608	1,645	STABLE
Sexual assault	129	128	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	234	200	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	262	315	UP 20.2%
Robbery with a firearm	40	33	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	154	158	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	2,353	1,819	DOWN 22.7%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	848	648	DOWN 23.6%
Motor vehicle theft	1,413	1,429	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	2,610	2,928	UP 12.2%
Steal from retail store	863	802	DOWN 7.1%
Steal from dwelling	735	650	STABLE
Steal from person	391	385	STABLE
Fraud	1,804	1,857	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	5,589	5,366	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 19: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Canterbury-Bankstown Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	5	5	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	937	977	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,280	1,352	STABLE
Sexual assault	120	90	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	128	124	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	394	243	DOWN 38.3%
Robbery with a firearm	66	62	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	263	183	DOWN 30.4%
Break and enter - dwelling	2,046	1,825	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	752	598	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	2,309	1,961	DOWN 15.1%
Steal from motor vehicle	2,648	2,600	STABLE
Steal from retail store	687	535	DOWN 22.1%
Steal from dwelling	555	480	STABLE
Steal from person	293	333	STABLE
Fraud	2,119	2,345	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,299	3,222	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 20: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Fairfield-Liverpool Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	10	5	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,412	1,433	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,745	1,846	STABLE
Sexual assault	185	177	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	211	158	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	310	258	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	63	53	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	181	166	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	2,639	2,611	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	851	832	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	1,853	1,691	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	2,979	3,370	STABLE
Steal from retail store	1,131	955	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	636	635	STABLE
Steal from person	406	403	STABLE
Fraud	2,071	2,260	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	4,392	4,088	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 21: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Outer South Western Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	5	3	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,462	1,371	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	1,864	1,863	STABLE
Sexual assault	178	146	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	198	197	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	159	202	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	28	21	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	107	51	DOWN 52.3%
Break and enter - dwelling	1,815	1,766	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	722	693	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	1,265	1,024	DOWN 19.1%
Steal from motor vehicle	1,819	1,784	STABLE
Steal from retail store	701	643	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	831	792	STABLE
Steal from person	221	233	STABLE
Fraud	926	962	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	5,026	4,739	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

Table 22: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^]. Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

Inner Western Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	0	2	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	366	343	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	604	636	STABLE
Sexual assault	45	41	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	89	73	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	176	212	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	29	31	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	97	103	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	1,364	1,513	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	337	337	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	864	823	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	1,697	2,304	UP 35.8%
Steal from retail store	512	500	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	448	481	STABLE
Steal from person	315	419	UP 33.0%
Fraud	1,042	1,188	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	1,620	1,698	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 23: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Central Western Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	6	3	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,389	1,333	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	2,174	2,118	STABLE
Sexual assault	153	194	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	198	209	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	459	455	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	54	75	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	251	228	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	2,707	2,615	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,037	917	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	2,188	2,059	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	3,350	3,916	UP 16.9%
Steal from retail store	1,203	1,139	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	754	642	DOWN 14.9%
Steal from person	723	818	STABLE
Fraud	2,392	2,582	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,891	4,016	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

Table 24: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^]. Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.

Outer Western Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008		
Murder*	1	3	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	1,361	1,448	UP	6.4%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	2,070	2,135	UP	3.1%
Sexual assault	190	197	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	220	262	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	191	211	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	11	7	N.A.	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	74	87	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	2,017	1,789	DOWN	11.3%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	985	896	DOWN	9.0%
Motor vehicle theft	1,259	1,166	DOWN	7.4%
Steal from motor vehicle	2,389	2,096	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	761	803	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	1,060	1,001	STABLE	
Steal from person	292	309	STABLE	
Fraud	1,532	1,356	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	5,679	5,783	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 25: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Blacktown Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	3	2	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	1,824	1,738	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	2,195	2,221	STABLE
Sexual assault	197	210	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	245	244	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	311	317	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	13	23	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	106	108	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	2,464	2,634	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	650	631	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	1,705	1,575	DOWN 7.6%
Steal from motor vehicle	2,761	2,662	STABLE
Steal from retail store	1,022	937	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	943	914	STABLE
Steal from person	397	376	STABLE
Fraud	2,527	2,340	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	5,172	5,166	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 26: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Lower Northern Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	1	1	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	371	448	UP 20.8%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	875	890	STABLE
Sexual assault	59	51	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	133	168	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	151	105	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	21	23	STABLE
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	73	59	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	1,745	1,842	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	876	758	STABLE
Motor vehicle theft	688	731	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	2,215	2,735	UP 23.5%
Steal from retail store	758	964	UP 27.2%
Steal from dwelling	606	536	STABLE
Steal from person	446	387	STABLE
Fraud	1,606	1,519	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,097	2,807	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 27: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Central Northern Sydney Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008	
Murder*	0	7	N.A.
Assault - domestic violence related	599	641	STABLE
Assault - non-domestic violence related	925	933	STABLE
Sexual assault	88	84	STABLE
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	130	150	STABLE
Robbery without a weapon	113	111	STABLE
Robbery with a firearm	10	11	N.A.
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	70	52	STABLE
Break and enter - dwelling	1,769	1,885	STABLE
Break and enter - non-dwelling	884	710	DOWN 19.7%
Motor vehicle theft	649	612	STABLE
Steal from motor vehicle	2,279	2,657	UP 16.6%
Steal from retail store	587	586	STABLE
Steal from dwelling	701	667	STABLE
Steal from person	270	260	STABLE
Fraud	1,232	1,238	STABLE
Malicious damage to property	3,508	3,472	STABLE

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 28: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Northern Beaches Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008		
Murder*	1	2	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	405	334	STABLE	
Assault - non-domestic violence related	703	770	UP	9.5%
Sexual assault	73	75	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	119	117	STABLE	
Robbery without a weapon	62	60	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	6	8	N.A.	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	22	24	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	1,181	893	DOWN	24.4%
Break and enter - non-dwelling	544	659	STABLE	
Motor vehicle theft	386	411	STABLE	
Steal from motor vehicle	1,259	1,289	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	411	415	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	548	569	STABLE	
Steal from person	255	209	STABLE	
Fraud	770	927	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	2,918	2,595	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

**Table 29: Number of recorded criminal incidents in the two consecutive 12-month periods to March 2008[^].
Statistically significant trends and percentage changes are shown where appropriate.**

Gosford-Wyong Statistical Subdivision Type of offence	Number of recorded criminal incidents		Trend over 24 month period [^]	
	12 months ending 31 March 2007	12 months ending 31 March 2008		
Murder*	3	3	N.A.	
Assault - domestic violence related	1,345	1,371	UP	1.9%
Assault - non-domestic violence related	2,140	2,160	STABLE	
Sexual assault	211	208	STABLE	
Indecent assault, act of indecency and other sexual offences	292	189	DOWN	35.3%
Robbery without a weapon	76	91	STABLE	
Robbery with a firearm	5	6	N.A.	
Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	31	39	STABLE	
Break and enter - dwelling	1,853	1,871	STABLE	
Break and enter - non-dwelling	1,339	888	DOWN	33.7%
Motor vehicle theft	1,091	1,025	STABLE	
Steal from motor vehicle	2,443	2,353	STABLE	
Steal from retail store	820	941	STABLE	
Steal from dwelling	1,201	1,033	STABLE	
Steal from person	277	281	STABLE	
Fraud	1,093	912	STABLE	
Malicious damage to property	5,568	5,837	STABLE	

* For murder, the trend test is applied to the monthly number of recorded victims rather than criminal incidents.

[^] Shows the results of a statistical test for a significant upward or downward monthly trend in the number of criminal incidents recorded over 24 months. Where the trend is significant the percentage change in the number of incidents between the last 12-month period and the preceding 12-month period is shown. 'STABLE' indicates there was no significant upward or downward trend whereas 'N.A.' indicates that the number of incidents recorded was too small for a reliable trend test to be performed.

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**MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF ALL
RECORDED CRIME CATEGORIES
IN NEW SOUTH WALES**

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2008

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2006 to March 2008**

<i>Type of offence</i>		<i>Recorded criminal incidents</i>											
		<i>Jan 06</i>	<i>Feb 06</i>	<i>Mar 06</i>	<i>Apr 06</i>	<i>May 06</i>	<i>Jun 06</i>	<i>Jul 06</i>	<i>Aug 06</i>	<i>Sep 06</i>	<i>Oct 06</i>	<i>Nov 06</i>	<i>Dec 06</i>
Homicide	Murder*	21	5	10	6	7	3	7	10	6	7	5	10
	Attempted murder	4	6	4	3	7	4	8	5	8	4	3	9
	Murder accessory, conspiracy	1	.	1	1	.	1	1	.	1	.	.	2
	Manslaughter *	1	.	.	1	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	1
Assault	Domestic violence related	2678	2366	2410	2004	2034	1992	2054	2045	2132	2308	2303	2665
	Non-domestic violence related	3946	3973	4264	3632	3399	3285	3517	3593	3699	3852	4057	4282
Sexual offences	Sexual assault	301	315	413	296	349	307	319	348	330	340	365	345
	Indecent assault, act of indecency	288	310	341	266	317	273	256	322	275	265	322	272
	Other sexual offences	155	186	198	156	129	138	116	160	152	181	159	163
Abduction and kidnapping		36	33	41	27	32	33	26	35	33	35	41	30
Robbery	Robbery without a weapon	429	430	449	412	374	410	406	382	397	416	404	432
	Robbery with a firearm	62	49	70	44	62	50	40	39	28	34	50	34
	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	248	210	247	180	201	222	212	241	181	181	218	168
Blackmail and extortion		1	13	4	4	5	5	4	10	5	9	8	4
Harassment, threatening behaviour and private nuisance		1980	1870	2119	1644	1746	1824	1940	2002	1982	1984	2017	1935
Other offences against the person		139	122	183	121	134	115	125	160	127	131	175	160
Theft	Break and enter - dwelling	4519	3912	4369	4004	3856	4188	3849	3661	3874	3980	4023	3803
	Break and enter - non-dwelling	2600	2338	2359	2300	2301	2174	2409	2065	2124	2232	2113	2138
	Receiving or handling stolen goods	532	501	597	502	565	504	480	489	479	486	432	449
	Motor vehicle theft	2562	2281	2533	2432	2650	2408	2377	2291	2210	2308	2246	2143
	Steal from motor vehicle	4801	4291	4911	4805	5436	5242	5353	4622	4765	4818	4618	4583
	Steal from retail store	1437	1417	1595	1398	1621	1609	1475	1525	1412	1478	1503	1640
	Steal from dwelling	2348	1991	1977	1858	1812	1813	2023	1909	1923	2218	2171	2270
	Steal from person	1167	880	1136	1057	975	1000	985	907	901	954	937	1064
	Stock theft	43	57	58	48	46	57	39	52	57	50	40	49
	Fraud	2832	2686	3001	2739	3392	3190	3118	3135	2764	2735	2819	2314
Other theft	3892	3677	3667	3453	3592	3306	3503	3441	3317	3661	3617	3360	
Arson		558	518	550	618	667	562	698	741	693	829	698	651
Malicious damage to property		9198	8125	8662	8600	8567	8364	9381	9238	9351	10537	9495	9637
Drug offences	Possession and/or use of cocaine	19	19	16	21	23	20	37	33	30	29	38	32
	Possession and/or use of narcotics	41	48	60	38	73	51	39	48	40	51	51	59

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2008

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2006 to March 2008**

Type of offence	Recorded criminal incidents											
	Jan 06	Feb 06	Mar 06	Apr 06	May 06	Jun 06	Jul 06	Aug 06	Sep 06	Oct 06	Nov 06	Dec 06
Drug offences												
Possession and/or use of cannabis	995	862	949	999	1246	1075	1142	1147	1020	841	849	985
Possession and/or use of amphetamines	155	145	207	211	186	187	222	229	210	215	206	198
Possession and/or use of ecstasy	94	79	33	68	42	71	79	67	120	78	74	98
Possession and/or use of other drugs	77	79	96	87	100	89	106	92	118	89	84	123
Dealing, trafficking in cocaine	12	3	6	20	6	19	21	14	21	11	9	4
Dealing, trafficking in narcotics	20	17	21	19	12	32	17	16	26	30	65	21
Dealing, trafficking in cannabis	24	52	40	39	54	54	43	65	27	33	35	52
Dealing, trafficking in amphetamines	28	48	53	71	47	90	90	80	63	67	39	84
Dealing, trafficking in ecstasy	32	57	19	33	13	40	26	50	36	25	26	48
Dealing, trafficking in other drugs	2	5	13	7	6	4	7	9	5	7	8	10
Cultivating cannabis	120	146	155	94	59	35	38	53	53	84	85	112
Manufacture drug	7	3	7	5	4	2	2	3	3	5	2	6
Importing drugs	5	1	3	1	3	1	2	2	1	5	1	1
Other drug offences	210	212	248	221	249	205	250	257	229	248	227	231
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences	613	599	724	681	632	679	637	746	650	753	658	735
Disorderly conduct												
Trespass	793	663	769	724	606	644	698	697	708	818	701	791
Offensive conduct	531	465	473	512	412	389	443	477	510	536	538	647
Offensive language	509	452	522	476	390	384	393	456	437	468	455	521
Criminal intent	137	124	161	134	129	130	140	112	116	98	128	133
Betting and gaming offences	14	9	27	42	42	48	9	44	20	14	88	36
Liquor offences	1198	1112	1258	1305	1047	930	1008	1341	1266	1293	1637	1934
Pornography offences	2	3	8	6	6	16	9	16	8	12	12	8
Prostitution offences	8	12	26	12	27	21	10	6	14	13	18	19
Against justice procedures												
Escape custody	31	21	20	28	14	12	25	18	31	15	25	21
Breach Apprehended Violence Order	1057	1099	1019	854	961	880	863	885	911	1038	996	990
Breach bail conditions	1158	1184	1300	1141	1199	1104	1216	1154	1266	1355	1303	1741
Fail to appear	35	45	56	46	44	62	51	42	71	48	52	45
Resist or hinder officer	613	581	609	595	505	489	501	506	484	590	546	726
Other offences against justice procedures	43	49	55	42	47	55	46	60	61	78	67	66
Transport regulatory offences	2811	2616	3471	2805	2788	2835	3257	3331	3028	2482	2516	2636
Other offences	1473	1263	1361	1450	1317	1272	1407	1428	1352	1263	1351	1561

^Driving offences are not included in this table as these data are not easily obtainable on a quarterly basis.

BOCSAR collate and publish detailed driving offence information annually.

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2008

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2006 to March 2008**

<i>Type of offence</i>		<i>Recorded criminal incidents</i>											
		<i>Jan 07</i>	<i>Feb 07</i>	<i>Mar 07</i>	<i>Apr 07</i>	<i>May 07</i>	<i>Jun 07</i>	<i>Jul 07</i>	<i>Aug 07</i>	<i>Sep 07</i>	<i>Oct 07</i>	<i>Nov 07</i>	<i>Dec 07</i>
Homicide	Murder*	10	7	8	1	4	6	5	7	8	9	10	6
	Attempted murder	3	4	3	2	4	2	6	7	8	7	3	3
	Murder accessory, conspiracy	.	1	.	.	1	1	.	1	.	.	.	.
	Manslaughter *	.	4	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
Assault	Domestic violence related	2771	2440	2612	2251	2249	2051	2044	2041	2098	2168	2348	2555
	Non-domestic violence related	3887	3768	4525	3783	3760	3298	3482	3781	3900	3830	3916	4225
Sexual offences	Sexual assault	340	346	408	329	378	316	313	326	364	352	347	349
	Indecent assault, act of indecency	396	296	336	263	300	251	202	237	274	305	282	244
	Other sexual offences	157	148	168	139	148	135	100	135	179	171	165	140
Abduction and kidnapping		25	28	42	24	41	28	28	39	31	27	29	29
Robbery	Robbery without a weapon	408	379	482	494	465	359	406	339	394	372	395	378
	Robbery with a firearm	40	54	56	62	38	30	46	62	44	47	34	37
	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	178	182	269	248	215	186	178	202	191	210	145	136
Blackmail and extortion		1	3	8	6	5	4	8	6	4	8	4	3
Harassment, threatening behaviour and private nuisance		2214	2089	2322	1891	2051	1881	1873	2124	1973	2190	2201	2093
Other offences against the person		148	143	168	131	144	137	113	135	147	125	155	142
Theft	Break and enter - dwelling	4071	3696	4023	4056	4592	3907	3902	3814	3652	4096	4025	3758
	Break and enter - non-dwelling	2292	2067	2123	2271	1929	2011	1993	1693	1876	2103	2061	1980
	Receiving or handling stolen goods	511	448	569	535	572	454	449	483	430	468	510	512
	Motor vehicle theft	2107	2108	2651	2281	2284	2355	2252	2127	2142	2295	2205	2102
	Steal from motor vehicle	5274	4845	4987	4868	5220	5315	5467	5239	5306	5458	5320	4853
	Steal from retail store	1407	1413	1776	1446	1746	1579	1576	1549	1388	1467	1482	1548
	Steal from dwelling	2297	1897	1994	1944	1877	1776	1806	1710	1821	1960	1849	2063
	Steal from person	1148	935	1136	1039	1093	1020	919	920	854	995	952	911
	Stock theft	59	41	49	40	61	41	59	46	47	51	42	52
	Fraud	2915	2261	2841	2565	2885	2650	2628	2801	2693	2898	3003	2920
Other theft	3776	3347	3671	3532	3614	3114	2888	3066	3083	3529	3409	3229	
Arson		713	548	542	562	541	514	644	596	617	707	540	573
Malicious damage to property		9926	8386	8933	8914	8597	7883	8968	8615	9221	9945	9130	9094
Drug offences	Possession and/or use of cocaine	33	33	36	18	21	22	20	27	19	19	27	28
	Possession and/or use of narcotics	53	67	63	58	86	49	52	78	63	65	90	67

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2008

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2006 to March 2008**

Type of offence	Recorded criminal incidents											
	Jan 07	Feb 07	Mar 07	Apr 07	May 07	Jun 07	Jul 07	Aug 07	Sep 07	Oct 07	Nov 07	Dec 07
Drug offences												
Possession and/or use of cannabis	938	864	1063	1090	1302	1057	988	1074	863	989	1001	1079
Possession and/or use of amphetamines	219	232	298	221	251	211	226	242	179	170	211	223
Possession and/or use of ecstasy	92	71	139	75	71	80	68	91	85	77	89	131
Possession and/or use of other drugs	103	111	129	109	119	99	76	99	98	119	130	125
Dealing, trafficking in cocaine	11	12	2	10	27	3	3	25	.	4	8	9
Dealing, trafficking in narcotics	19	11	27	11	27	8	3	17	8	4	29	16
Dealing, trafficking in cannabis	39	31	33	38	47	35	36	40	32	41	47	37
Dealing, trafficking in amphetamines	55	43	48	49	50	73	113	114	41	41	56	94
Dealing, trafficking in ecstasy	16	25	24	21	40	25	31	49	12	24	61	31
Dealing, trafficking in other drugs	4	9	4	2	8	6	6	9	7	12	4	21
Cultivating cannabis	145	141	174	72	87	55	38	43	42	69	106	118
Manufacture drug	2	2	2	8	7	3	2	4	4	1	7	5
Importing drugs	1	2	1	2	2	.	.	3	1	1	1	4
Other drug offences	264	218	235	220	259	224	226	265	209	257	259	262
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences	733	684	805	717	705	695	624	759	610	622	714	675
Disorderly conduct												
Trespass	930	801	816	753	750	669	732	695	736	781	783	849
Offensive conduct	598	469	603	612	481	516	488	509	625	532	697	926
Offensive language	562	400	517	457	437	360	401	461	440	462	531	728
Criminal intent	157	126	143	138	138	123	113	123	109	139	105	142
Betting and gaming offences	19	26	51	23	22	34	31	39	19	13	31	21
Liquor offences	1400	1162	1777	1537	1307	1471	1528	1333	1256	1229	1732	2275
Pornography offences	7	6	11	5	11	9	11	24	17	14	9	32
Prostitution offences	5	26	17	20	44	20	5	22	10	8	10	21
Against justice procedures												
Escape custody	15	13	22	18	25	12	18	20	17	19	22	22
Breach Apprehended Violence Order	1069	1058	1064	996	1000	778	854	1051	923	979	989	1149
Breach bail conditions	1493	1309	1527	1574	1521	1496	1460	1608	1557	1580	1750	1814
Fail to appear	57	40	41	51	67	79	48	73	55	73	66	74
Resist or hinder officer	718	529	705	624	560	491	548	557	597	575	573	915
Other offences against justice procedures	52	53	53	50	58	53	37	46	62	61	71	47
Transport regulatory offences	2823	2497	2649	2984	3407	3201	3216	3540	2895	2441	3904	2972
Other offences	1560	1327	1538	1310	1158	1046	1058	1176	1218	1225	1314	1639

^Driving offences are not included in this table as these data are not easily obtainable on a quarterly basis.

BOCSAR collate and publish detailed driving offence information annually.

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2008

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2006 to March 2008**

<i>Type of offence</i>		<i>Recorded criminal incidents</i>		
		<i>Jan 08</i>	<i>Feb 08</i>	<i>Mar 08</i>
Homicide	Murder*	7	9	8
	Attempted murder	3	3	10
	Murder accessory, conspiracy	.	2	.
	Manslaughter *	2	.	.
Assault	Domestic violence related	2484	2163	2205
	Non-domestic violence related	3942	3782	4160
Sexual offences	Sexual assault	367	301	369
	Indecent assault, act of indecency	286	235	302
	Other sexual offences	185	141	189
Abduction and kidnapping		19	33	45
Robbery	Robbery without a weapon	400	404	542
	Robbery with a firearm	38	43	51
	Robbery with a weapon not a firearm	160	188	154
Blackmail and extortion		6	5	13
Harassment, threatening behaviour and private nuisance		2217	2175	2047
Other offences against the person		120	124	117
Theft	Break and enter - dwelling	3827	3292	3850
	Break and enter - non-dwelling	2119	1971	2055
	Receiving or handling stolen goods	487	491	510
	Motor vehicle theft	2099	2116	2196
	Steal from motor vehicle	5053	4842	5334
	Steal from retail store	1466	1458	1478
	Steal from dwelling	2115	1627	1830
	Steal from person	871	931	1060
	Stock theft	37	60	41
	Fraud	3287	2888	2790
	Other theft	3515	3239	3355
Arson		601	513	606
Malicious damage to property		9276	8089	8916
Drug offences	Possession and/or use of cocaine	32	38	42
	Possession and/or use of narcotics	81	53	75

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

NSW Recorded Crime Statistics, March Quarter 2008

**Table 30: Number of recorded criminal incidents^ by month
New South Wales, January 2006 to March 2008**

<i>Type of offence</i>		<i>Recorded criminal incidents</i>		
		<i>Jan 08</i>	<i>Feb 08</i>	<i>Mar 08</i>
Drug offences	Possession and/or use of cannabis	1112	1088	1186
	Possession and/or use of amphetamines	221	201	197
	Possession and/or use of ecstasy	115	97	188
	Possession and/or use of other drugs	101	138	135
	Dealing, trafficking in cocaine	20	10	13
	Dealing, trafficking in narcotics	10	21	65
	Dealing, trafficking in cannabis	32	34	42
	Dealing, trafficking in amphetamines	39	52	54
	Dealing, trafficking in ecstasy	49	39	43
	Dealing, trafficking in other drugs	16	8	10
	Cultivating cannabis	141	156	180
	Manufacture drug	6	2	3
	Importing drugs	1	2	3
	Other drug offences	231	230	263
Prohibited and regulated weapons offences		694	712	693
Disorderly conduct	Trespass	871	747	804
	Offensive conduct	826	688	811
	Offensive language	663	515	647
	Criminal intent	158	125	105
Betting and gaming offences		14	37	39
Liquor offences		1528	1395	1674
Pornography offences		11	14	9
Prostitution offences		20	22	12
Against justice procedures	Escape custody	11	23	19
	Breach Apprehended Violence Order	1034	958	949
	Breach bail conditions	1867	1914	2128
	Fail to appear	59	83	75
	Resist or hinder officer	744	671	678
	Other offences against justice procedures	50	63	62
Transport regulatory offences		2933	2987	3419
Other offences		1642	1167	1477

^Driving offences are not included in this table as these data are not easily obtainable on a quarterly basis.

BOCSAR collate and publish detailed driving offence information annually.

* Murder and manslaughter counts are victim based.

Source: NSW Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research