
NEW SOUTH WALES CUSTODY STATISTICS

QUARTERLY UPDATE
SEPTEMBER 2017



NSW Bureau of Crime
Statistics and Research

CONTENTS

This report presents 24 months of reception, discharge and custody population data and comparisons between the current and previous quarter for age, gender, indigenous status, most serious offence and the average length of stay.

Separate figures are presented for juveniles and adults.

The counting unit is a custodial episode. An individual will be counted multiple times in a period if they have multiple custodial episodes in that period.

SCOPE

The data in this report are extracted from the Corrective Services NSW (CSNSW) Offender Integrated Management System (OIMS) and the Juvenile Justice NSW (JJNSW) Client Information Management System (CIMS).

The adult custody population figures include only those persons held in gazetted correctional centres managed by CSNSW. This includes: persons managed as forensic patients, persons held after expiry of their sentence awaiting deportation and persons awaiting extradition to another jurisdiction. Persons in the Special Purpose Centre at Long Bay Correctional Centre are not included.

In addition to gazetted correctional centres, CSNSW manages a number of police/court cell complexes. This report excludes persons received into and then discharged from a CSNSW-managed 24 hour police/court cell complex without entering a gazetted correctional centre. Adults refused police bail but not held in a gazetted correctional centre are not included.

Custody population figures are counted as at midnight on the last day of the month or quarter as appropriate. Reception and discharge figures are those during each month or quarter as appropriate.

Refer to the Glossary at the back of the report for detailed descriptions of the terms used in the report.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Juvenile custody data are provided by the Research and Information Section of JJNSW. Adult custody data are provided by the Corrections Research, Evaluation and Statistics (CRES) section of CSNSW. BOCSAR is grateful for the support provided by both areas in supplying the data for this report and advising on its interpretation.

NOTE

The adult custody data presented in this report will differ from data reported by CSNSW due to data extract timing differences.

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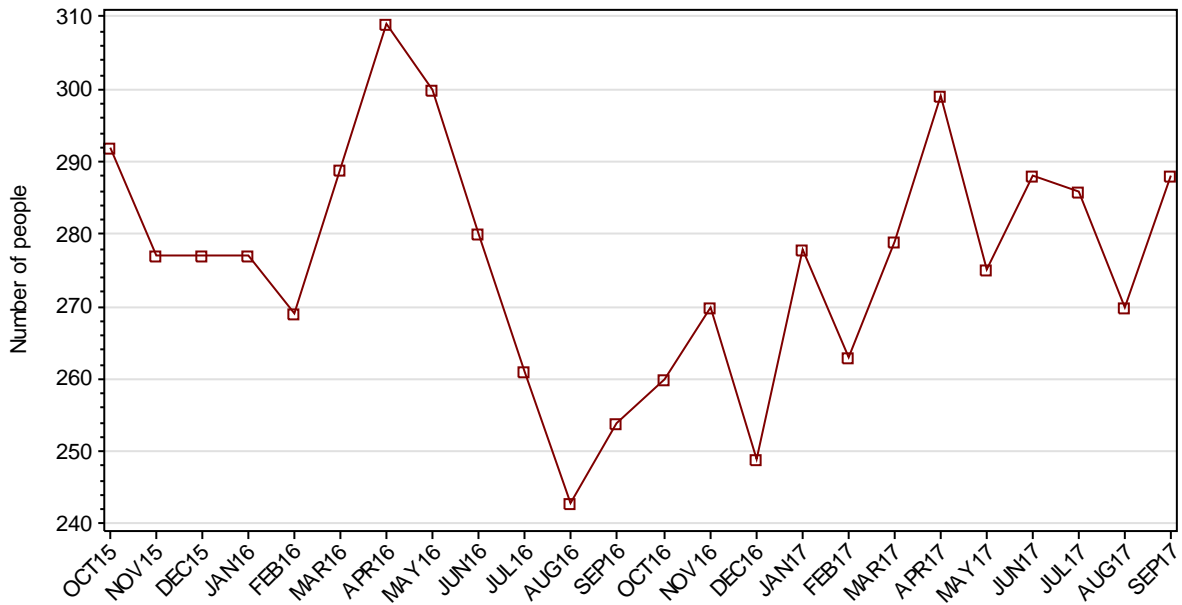
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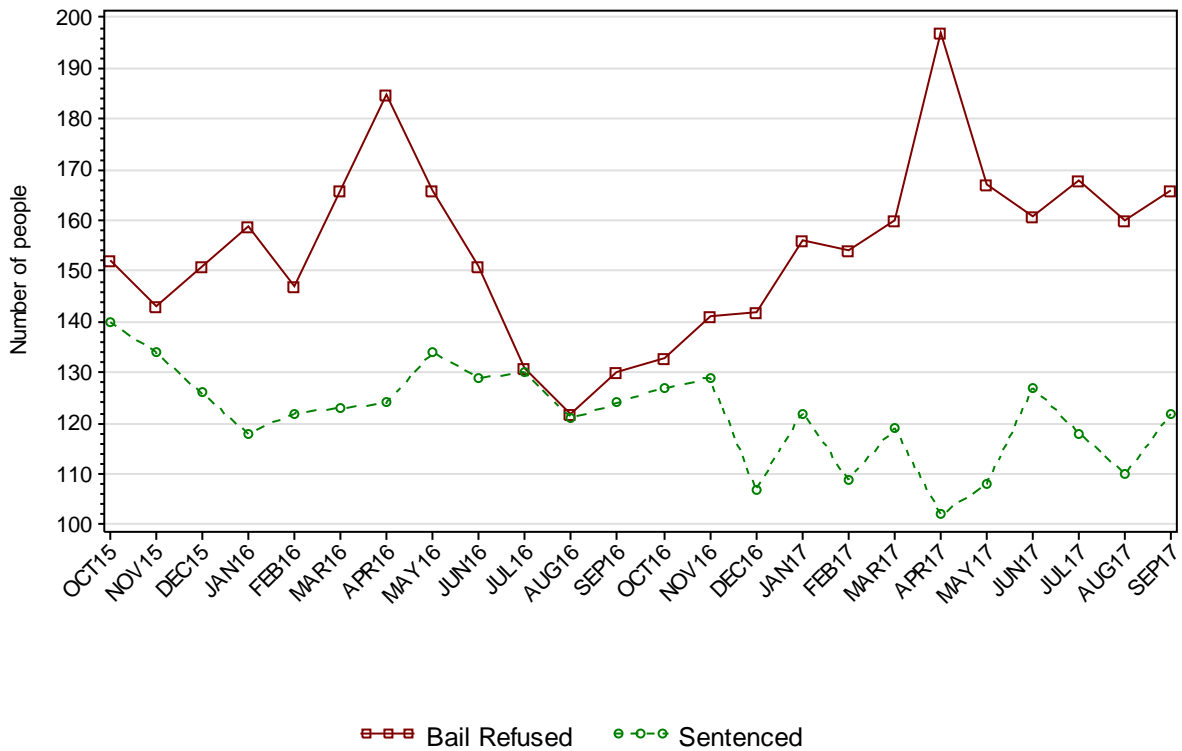
Part 1 JUVENILES

SECTION 1.1 JUVENILE CUSTODY POPULATION

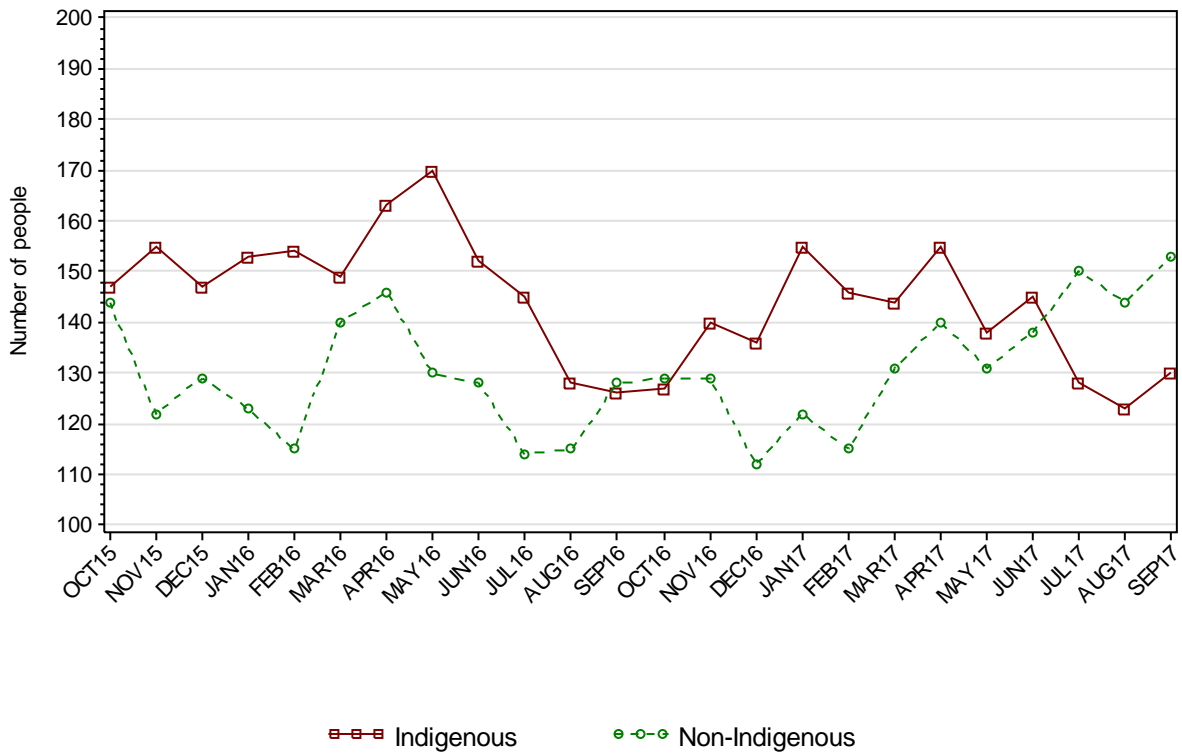
1.1.1 JUVENILE CUSTODY POPULATION AT END OF MONTH



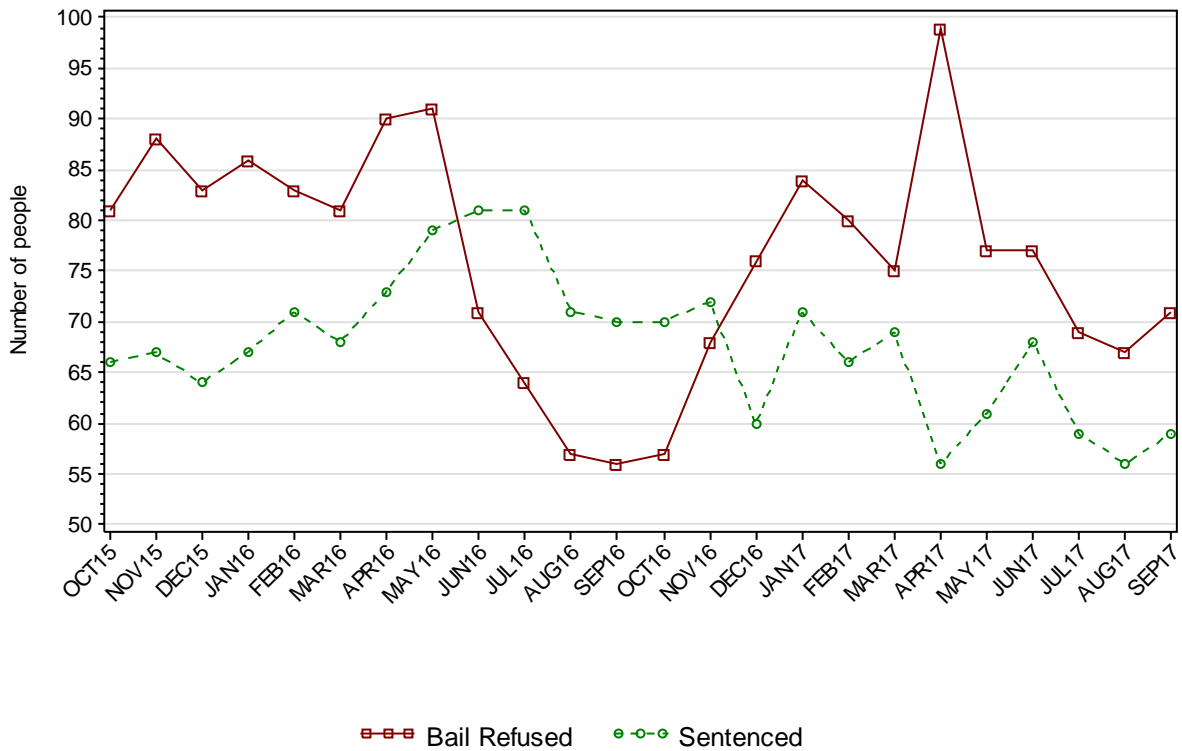
1.1.2 JUVENILE CUSTODY POPULATION BY LEGAL STATUS



1.1.3 JUVENILE CUSTODY POPULATION BY INDIGENOUS STATUS



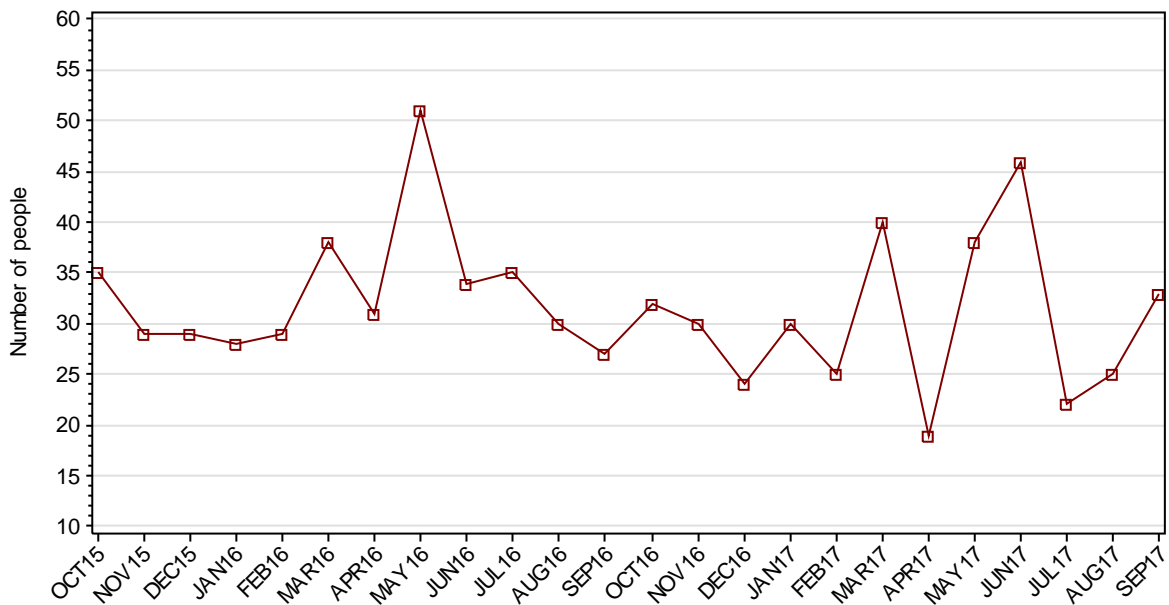
1.1.4 INDIGENOUS JUVENILE CUSTODY POPULATION BY LEGAL STATUS



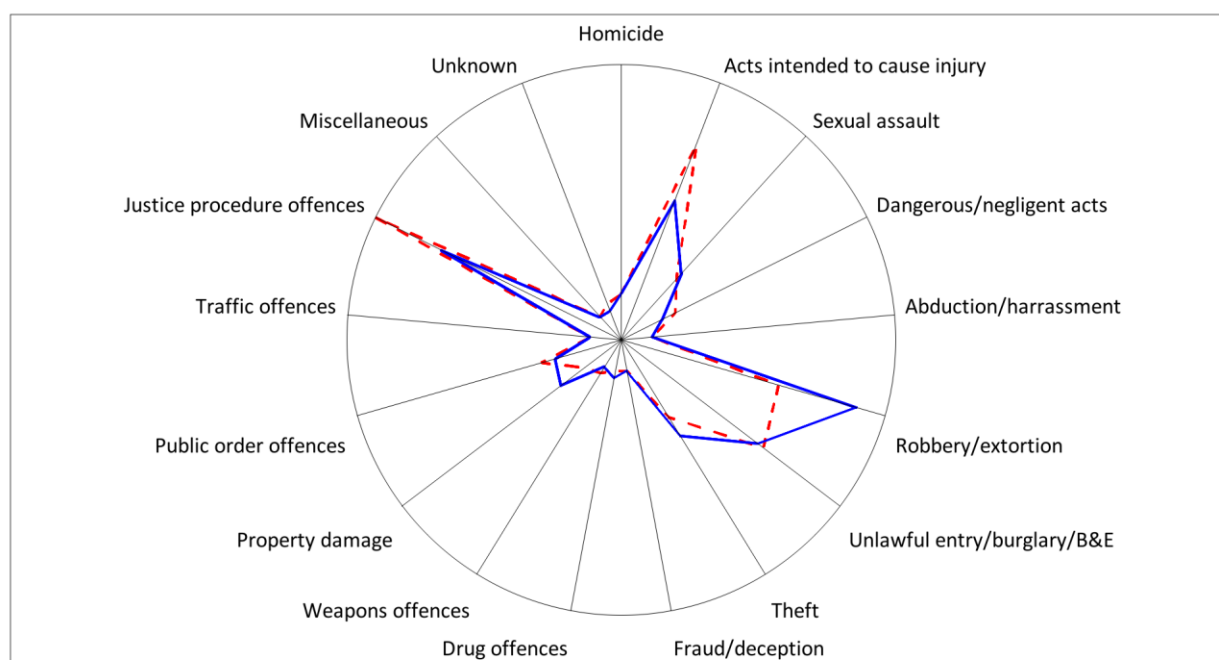
1.1.5 JUVENILE CUSTODY PROFILE AT END OF QUARTER

		Police Bail Refused		Court Bail Refused		Sentenced		Total	
		JUN17	SEP17	JUN17	SEP17	JUN17	SEP17	JUN17	SEP17
Total Male	Count	5	6	144	140	118	111	267	257
	Avg Age	16.0	15.0	16.2	16.3	16.8	16.8	16.5	16.5
Total Female	Count	1	1	11	19	9	11	21	31
	Avg Age	12.0	16.0	16.1	16.3	15.6	16.1	15.7	16.2
Indigenous Male	Count	1	2	71	59	61	51	133	112
	Avg Age	16.0	13.5	16.1	16.1	16.6	16.7	16.3	16.4
Indigenous Female	Count	1	0	4	10	7	8	12	18
	Avg Age	12.0	.	16.3	16.0	15.4	16.4	15.4	16.2
Total	Count	6	7	155	159	127	122	288	288
	Avg Age	15.3	15.1	16.2	16.3	16.7	16.7	16.4	16.4

1.1.6 JUVENILES IN CUSTODY: NUMBER WHOSE LEGAL STATUS CHANGED DURING MONTH FROM REMAND TO SENTENCED



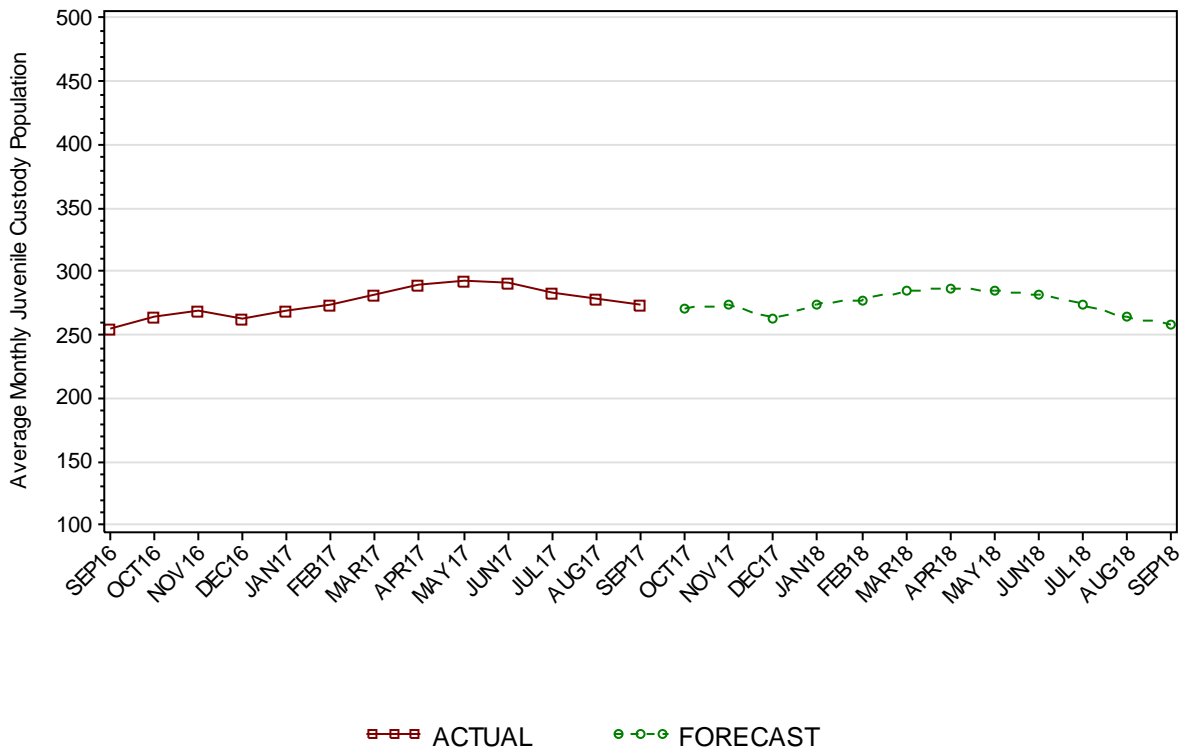
1.1.8 JUVENILE SENTENCED POPULATION BY MOST SERIOUS OFFENCE



As At:

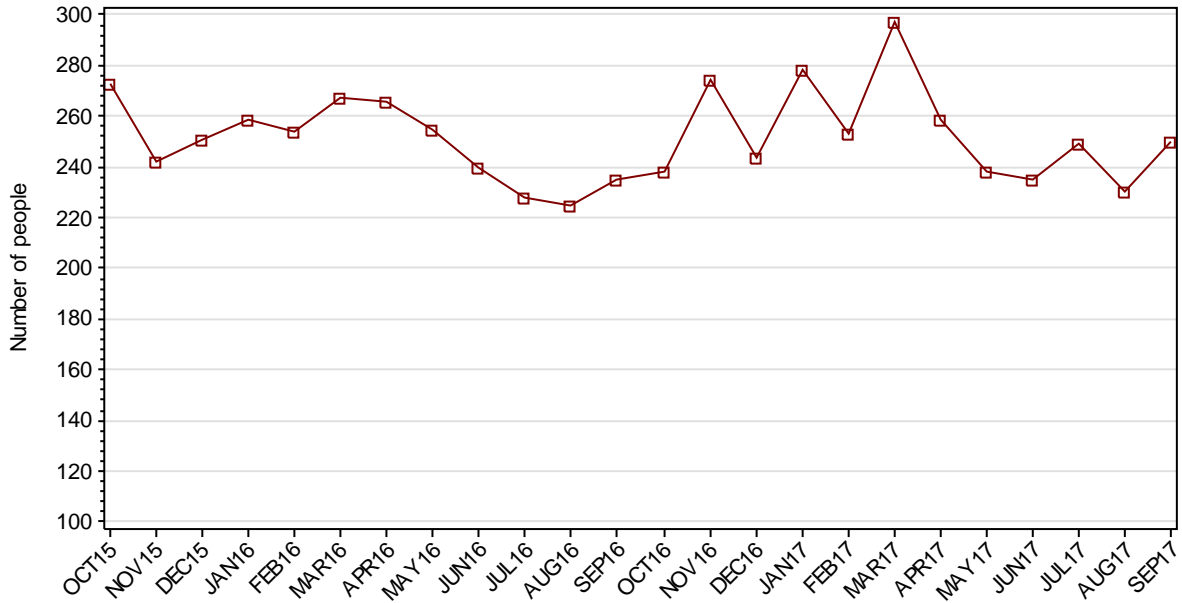
	30JUN17		30SEP17	
	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total
Homicide	2	1.6	2	1.6
Acts intended to cause injury	24	18.9	16	13.1
Sexual assault	7	5.5	8	6.6
Dangerous/negligent acts	4	3.1	2	1.6
Abduction/harrassment	0	0	0	0
Robbery/extortion	18	14.2	29	23.8
Unlawful entry/burglary/B&E	20	15.7	19	15.6
Theft	8	6.3	11	9.0
Fraud/deception	0	0	0	0
Drug offences	0	0	1	0.8
Weapons offences	1	0.8	0	0
Property damage	2	1.6	6	4.9
Public order offences	7	5.5	5	4.1
Traffic offences	0	0	0	0
Justice procedure offences	33	26.0	23	18.9
Miscellaneous	0	0	0	0
Unknown	1	0.8	0	0
Total	127	100.0	122	100.0

1.1.9 JUVENILE CUSTODY FORECAST

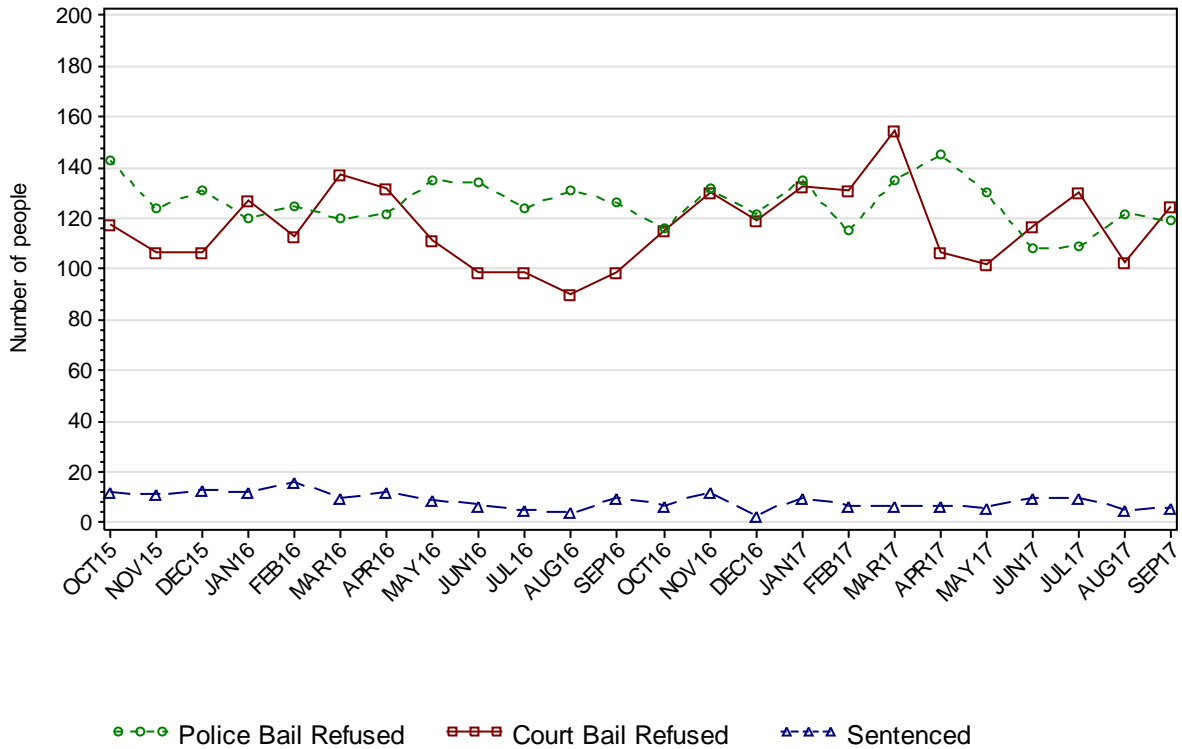


SECTION 1.2 JUVENILE CUSTODY RECEPTIONS

1.2.1 JUVENILES RECEIVED INTO CUSTODY DURING MONTH

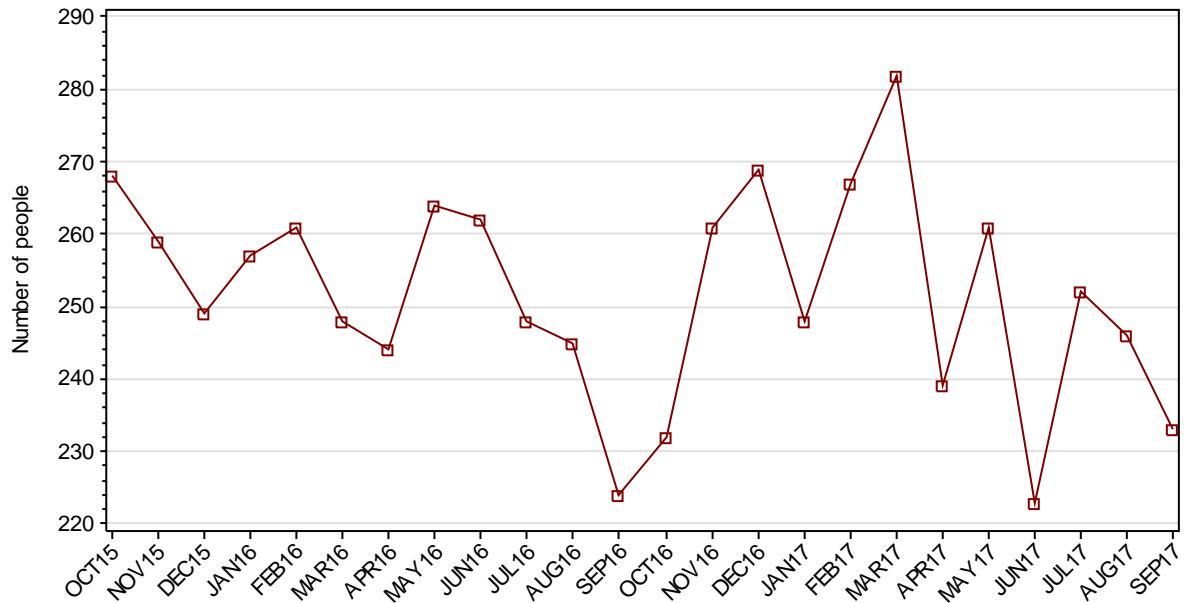


1.2.2 JUVENILES RECEIVED INTO CUSTODY BY LEGAL STATUS



SECTION 1.3 JUVENILE CUSTODY DISCHARGES

1.3.1 JUVENILES DISCHARGED FROM CUSTODY DURING MONTH

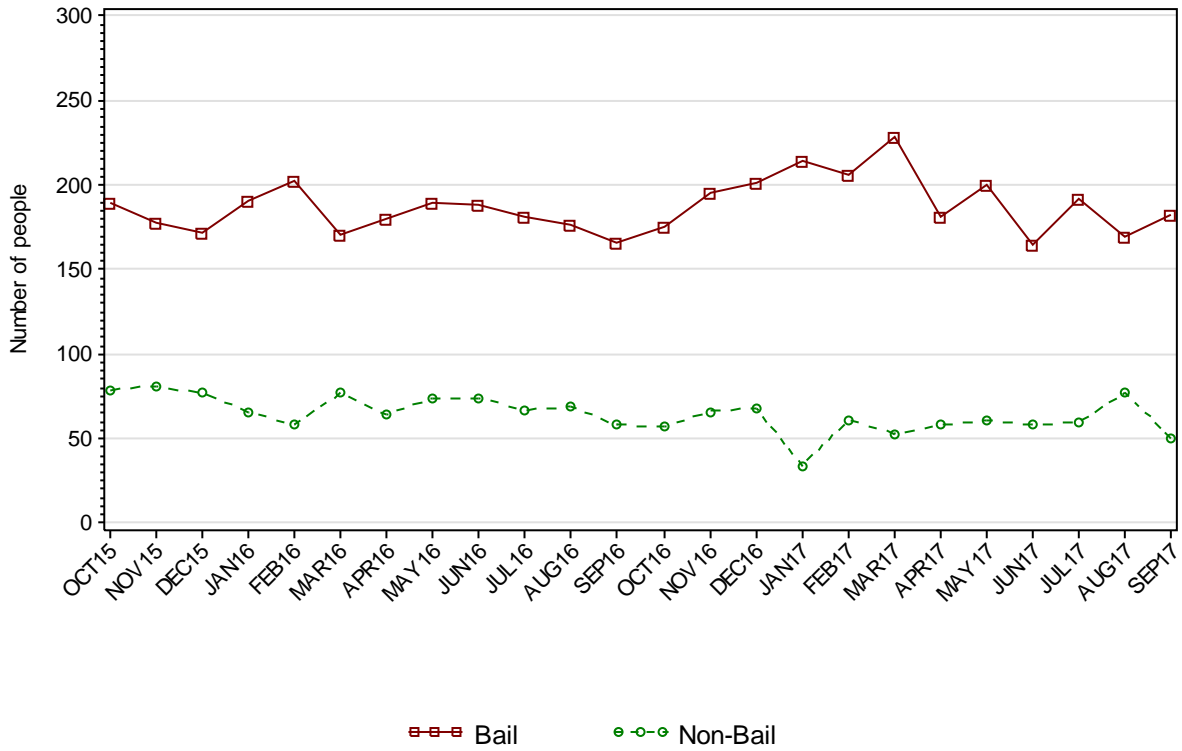


1.3.2 AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY FOR JUVENILES DISCHARGED FROM CUSTODY EACH QUARTER

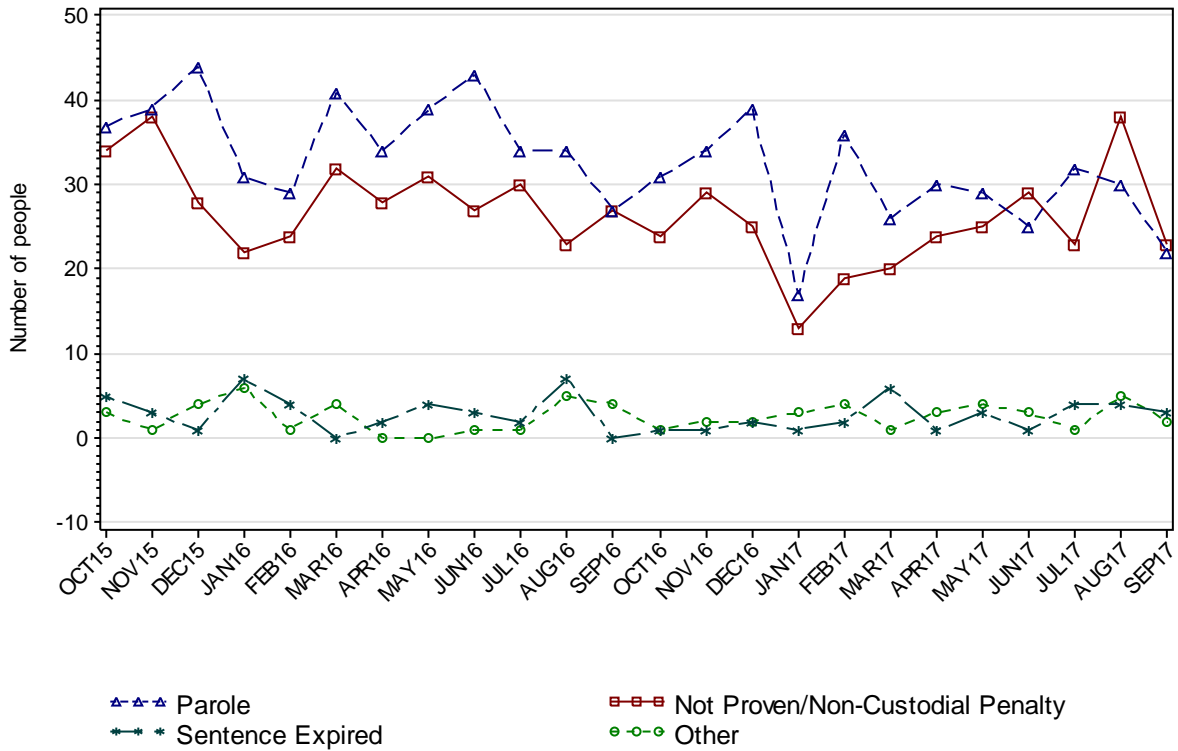
		Remand Custody Only		Sentenced Custody Only		Remand to Sentenced Custody	
		JUN17	SEP17	JUN17	SEP17	JUN17	SEP17
Total Male	Avg Days	12.3	13.6	161.1	192.9	147.7	183.8
	Number	493	490	18	22	84	83
Total Female	Avg Days	7.6	5.3	28.3	102.5	126.7	97.9
	Number	118	123	3	2	7	11
Indigenous Male	Avg Days	17.4	18.1	180.1	270.6	166.6	197.9
	Number	192	214	12	14	45	37
Indigenous Female	Avg Days	8.1	7.1	15.0	32.0	126.4	141.2
	Number	57	56	2	1	5	5
Total	Avg Days	11.4	11.9	142.1	185.3	146.1	173.8
	Number	611	613	21	24	91	94

Note: Length of Stay for Remand to Sentenced Custody is from the date of reception on remand to date of discharge after serving sentence.

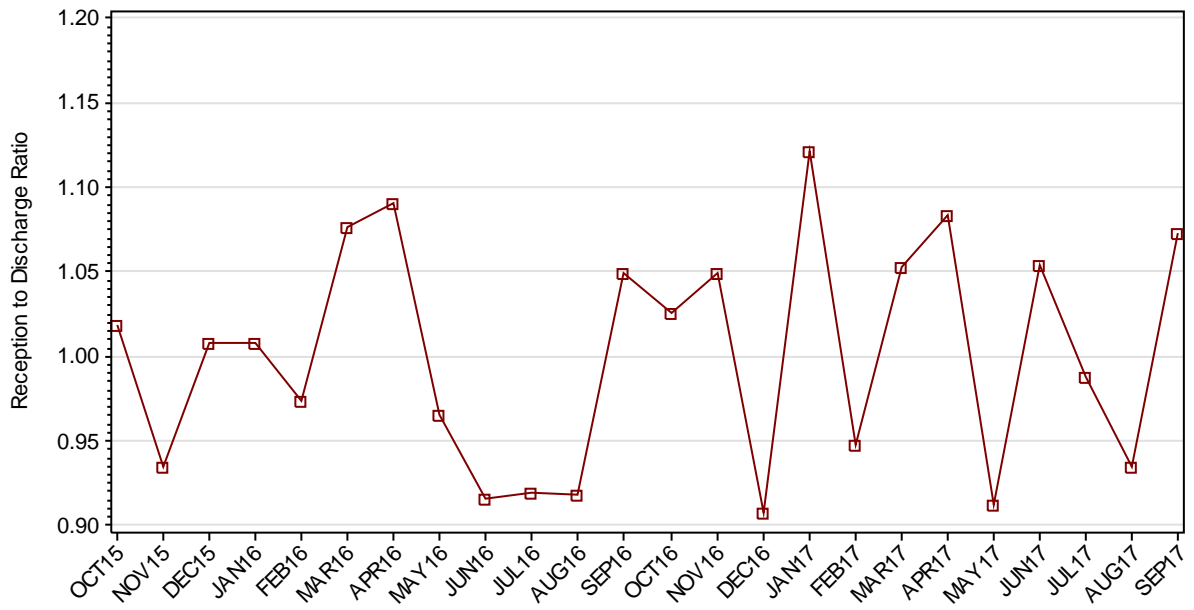
1.3.3 JUVENILES BY DISCHARGE TYPE



1.3.4 JUVENILES BY DISCHARGE TYPE (EXCLUDING BAIL)



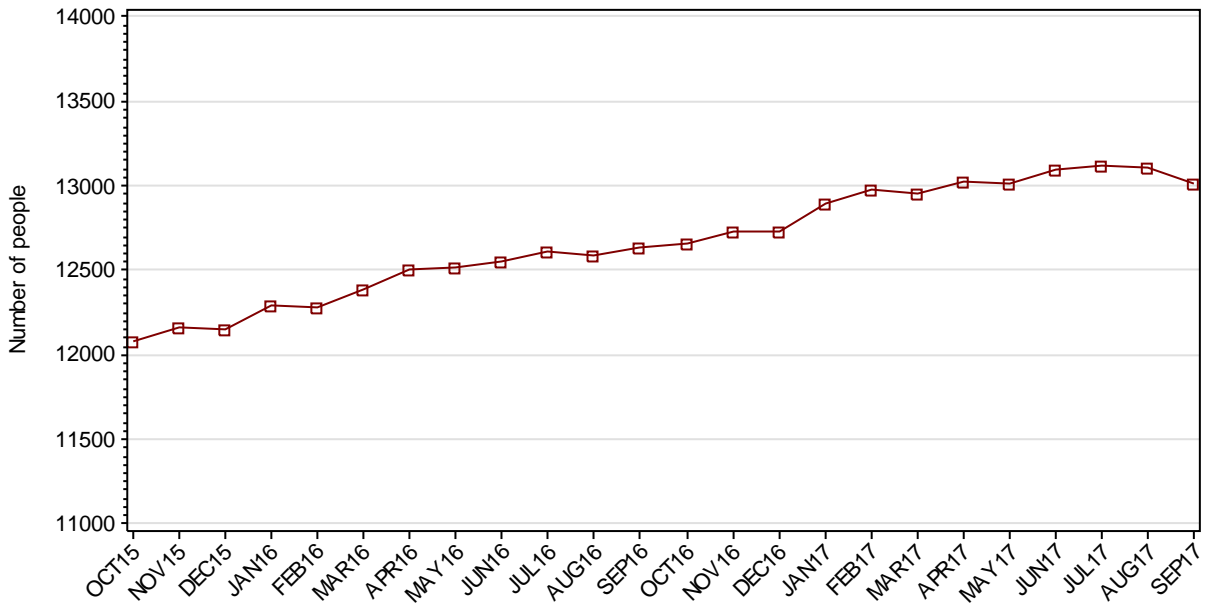
1.3.5 RATIO OF JUVENILE RECEPTIONS TO DISCHARGES



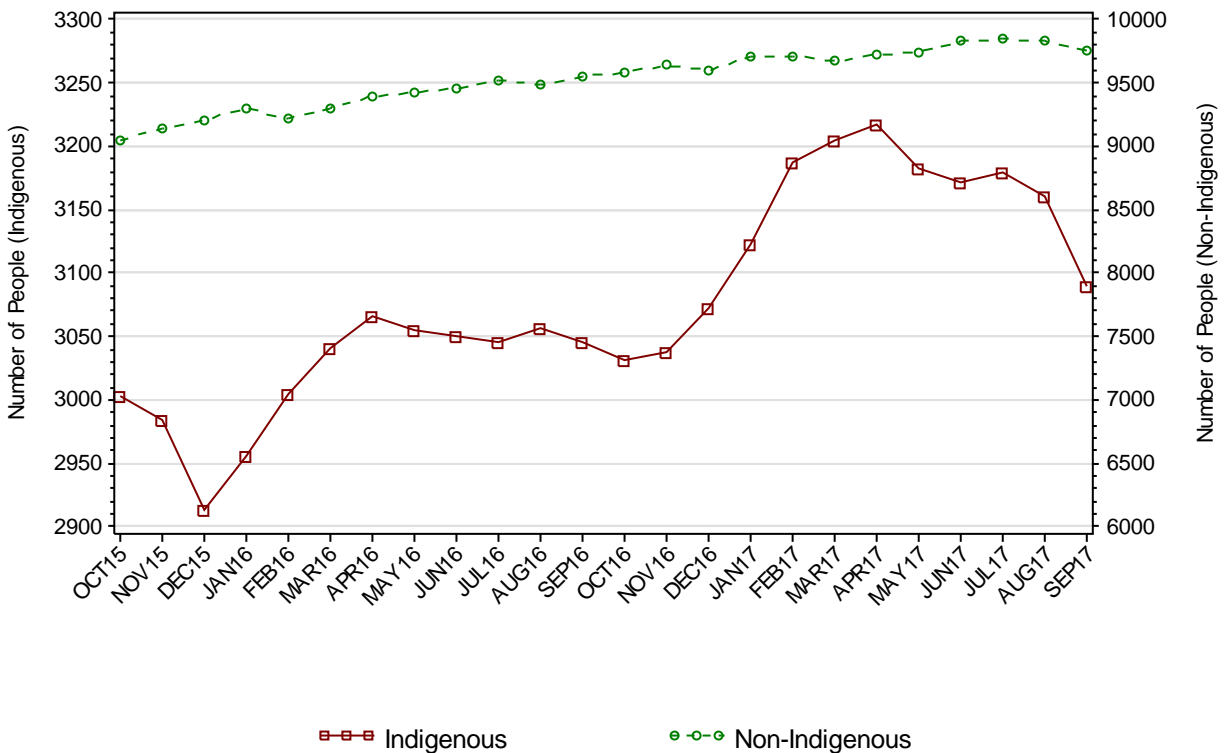
Part 2 ADULTS

SECTION 2.1 ADULT CUSTODY POPULATION

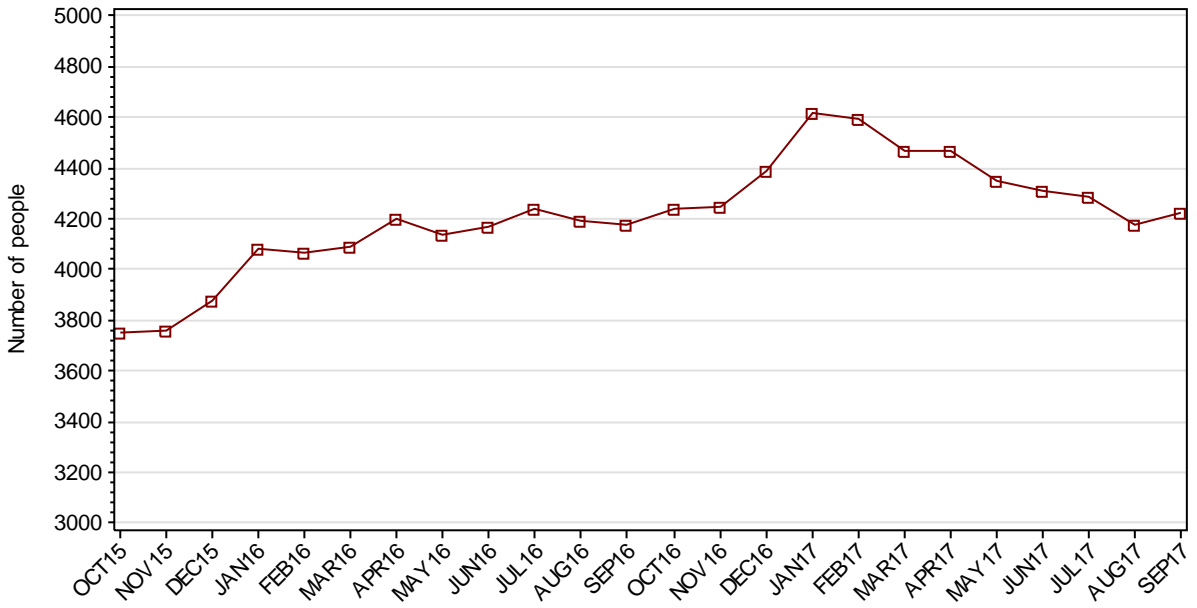
2.1.1 ADULT CUSTODY POPULATION AT END OF MONTH



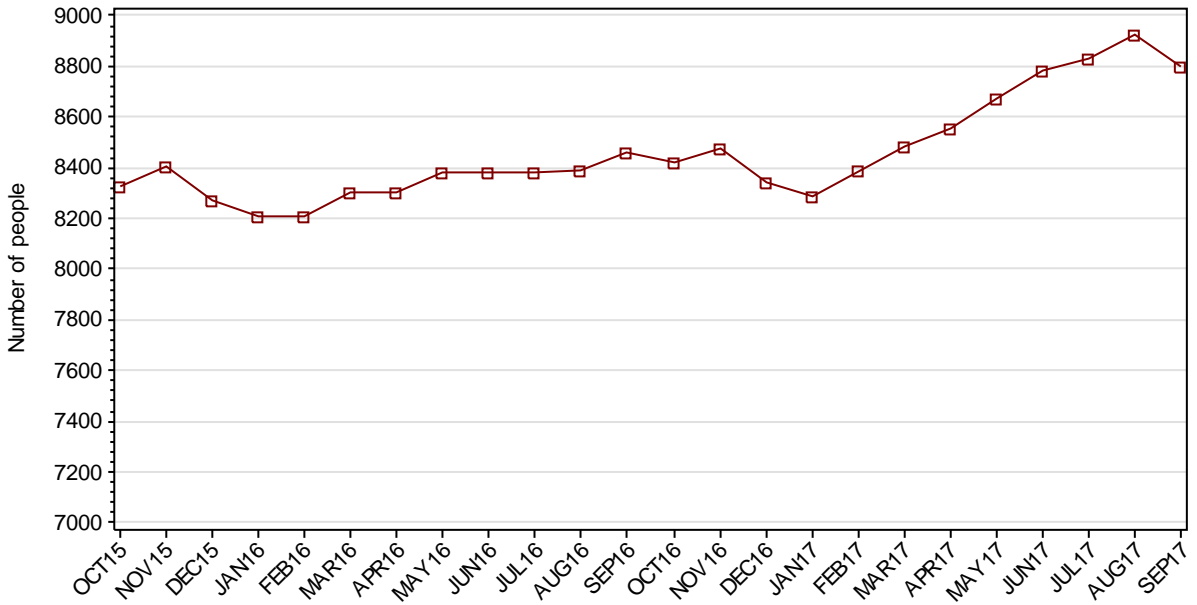
2.1.2 ADULT CUSTODY POPULATION BY INDIGENOUS STATUS



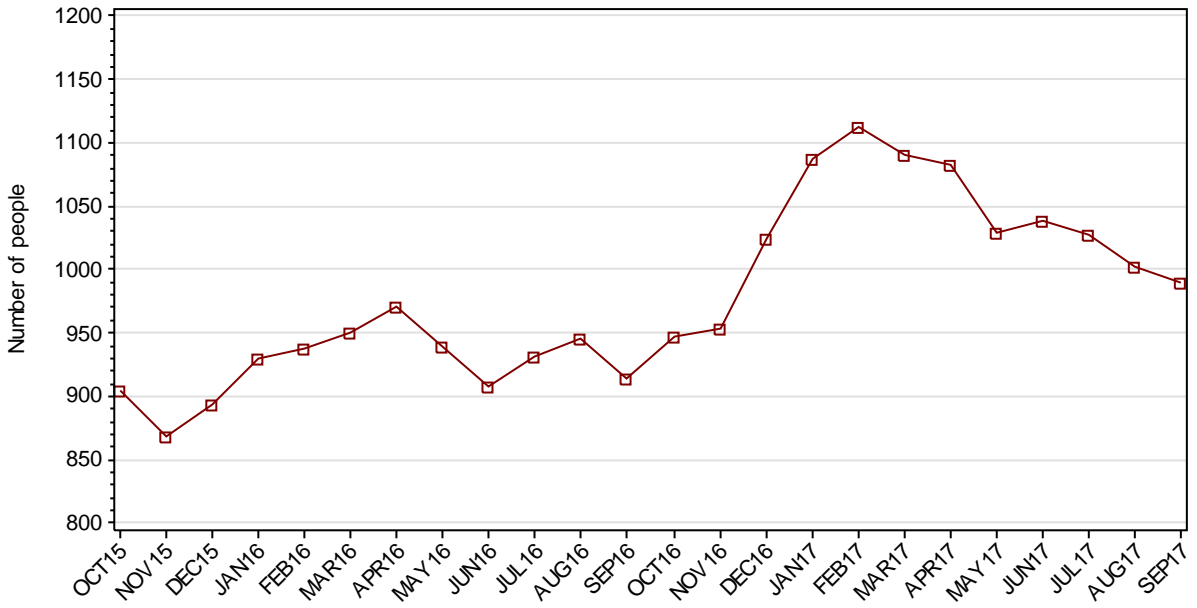
2.1.3 ADULT REMAND POPULATION



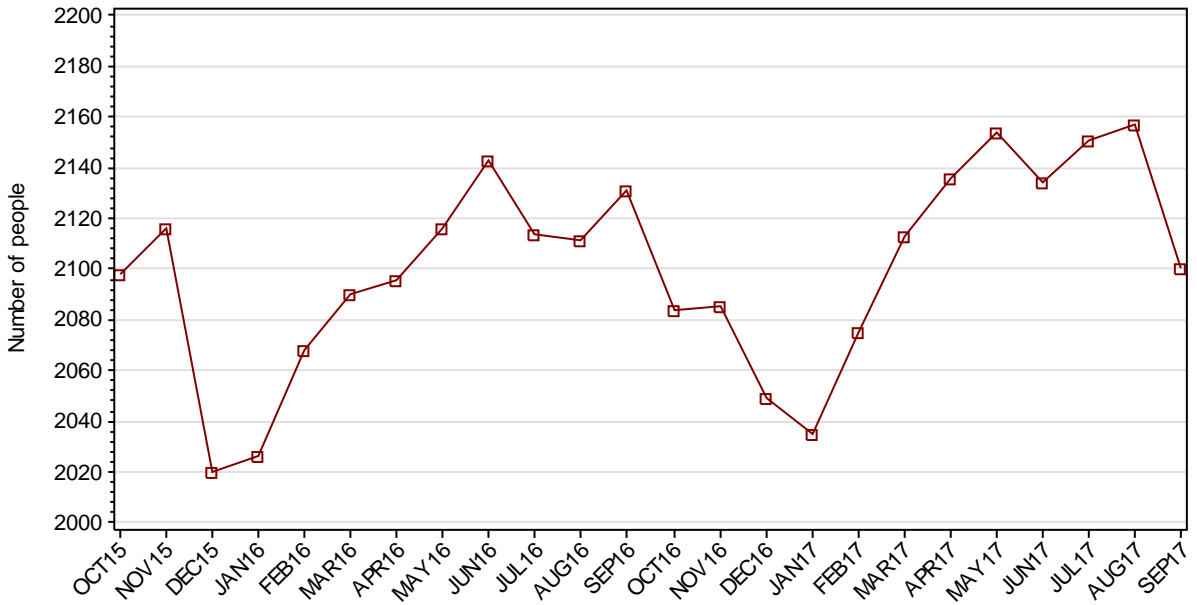
2.1.4 ADULT SENTENCED POPULATION



2.1.5 INDIGENOUS ADULT REMAND POPULATION



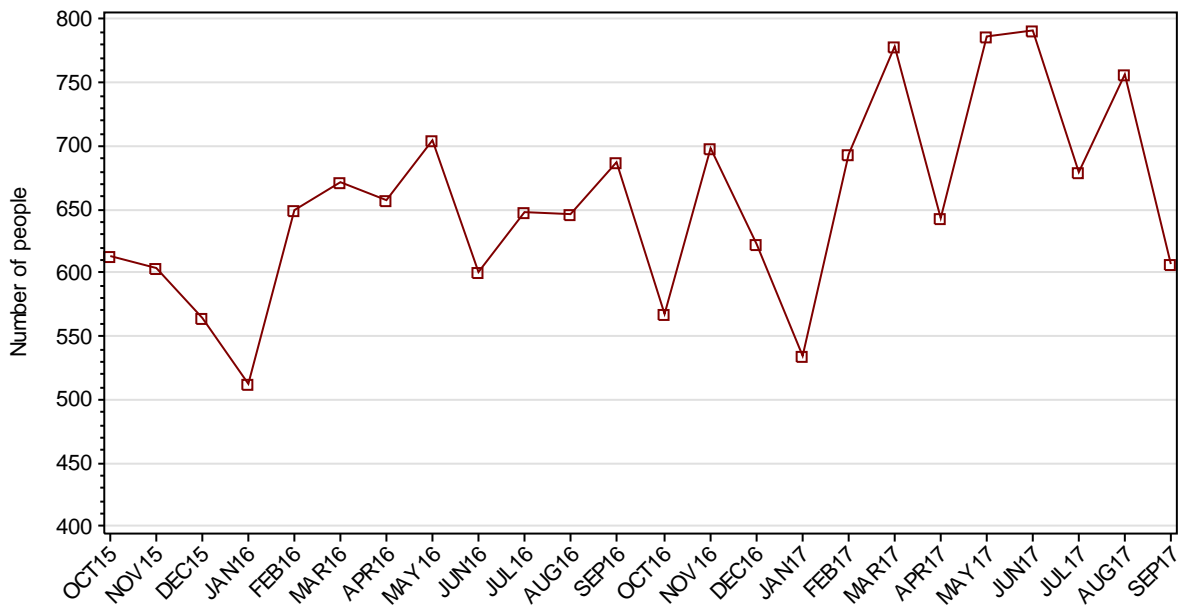
2.1.6 INDIGENOUS ADULT SENTENCED POPULATION



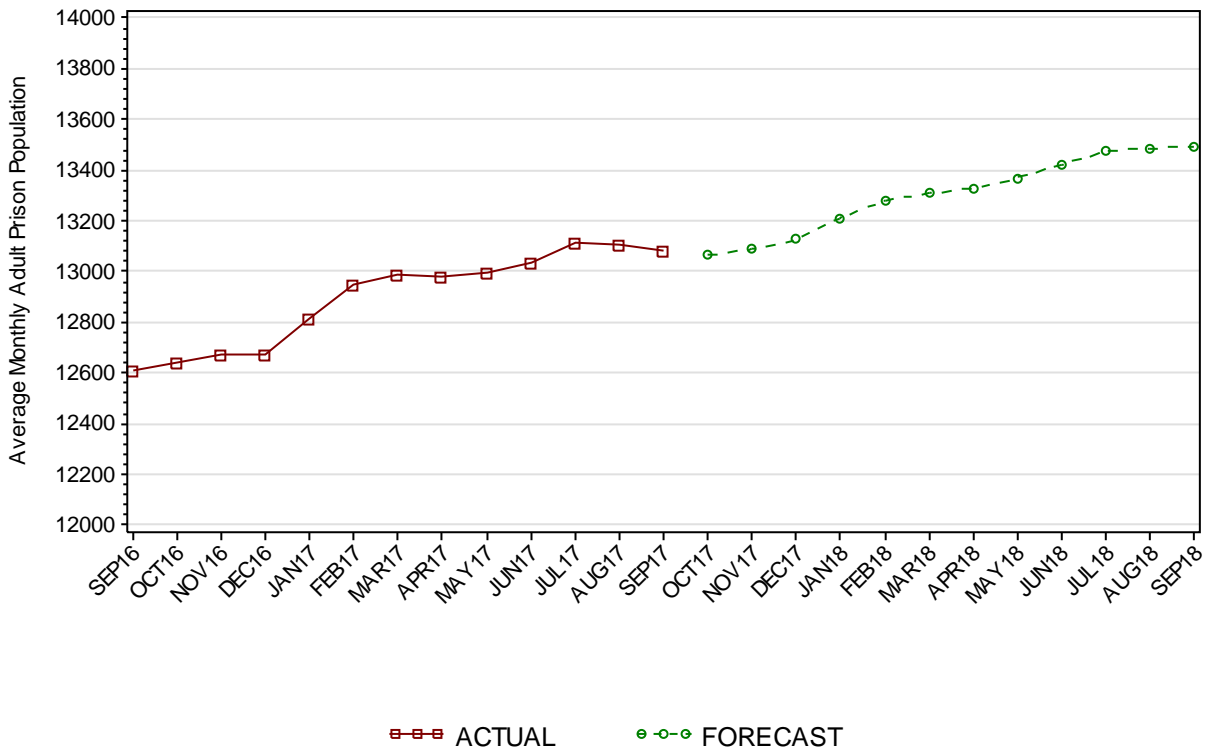
2.1.7 ADULT CUSTODY PROFILE AT END OF QUARTER

		Remand		Sentenced		Total	
		JUN17	SEP17	JUN17	SEP17	JUN17	SEP17
Total Male	Count	3916	3819	8175	8184	12091	12003
	Avg Age	34.9	35.2	37.3	37.4	36.5	36.7
Total Female	Count	393	402	608	612	1001	1014
	Avg Age	33.5	34.1	36.3	36.3	35.2	35.4
Indigenous Male	Count	920	865	1936	1903	2856	2768
	Avg Age	32.4	31.8	33.1	33.0	32.8	32.6
Indigenous Female	Count	118	125	198	197	316	322
	Avg Age	31.8	31.3	34.0	33.9	33.2	32.9
Total	Count	4309	4221	8783	8796	13092	13017
	Avg Age	34.8	35.1	37.3	37.3	36.4	36.6

2.1.8 ADULTS IN CUSTODY: NUMBER WHOSE LEGAL STATUS CHANGED DURING MONTH FROM REMAND TO SENTENCED

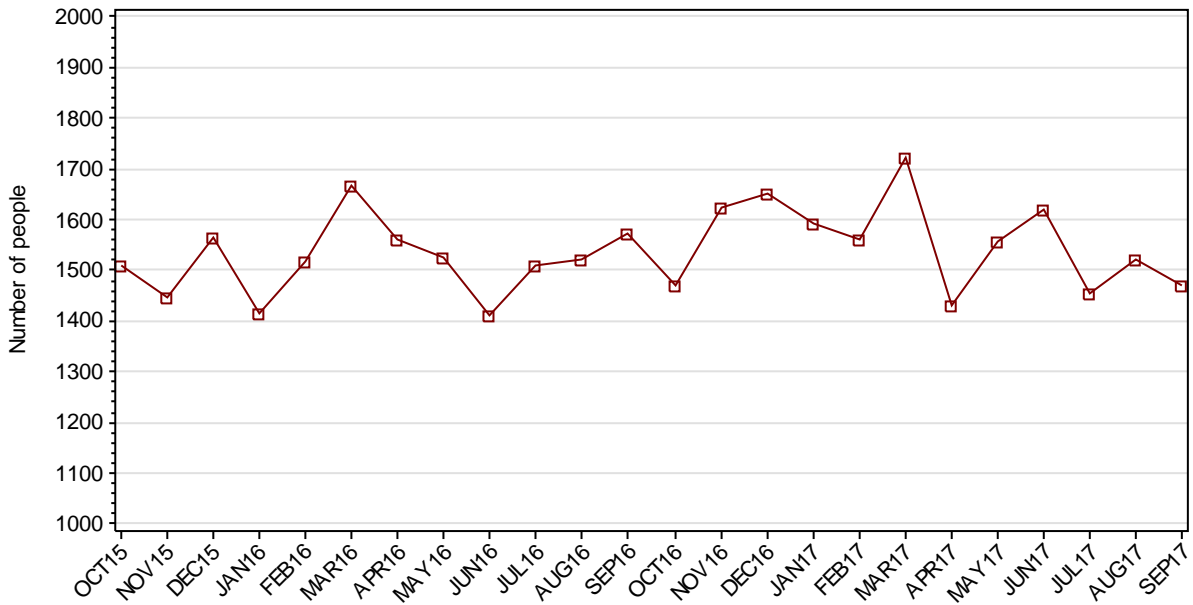


2.1.11 PRISON POPULATION FORECAST

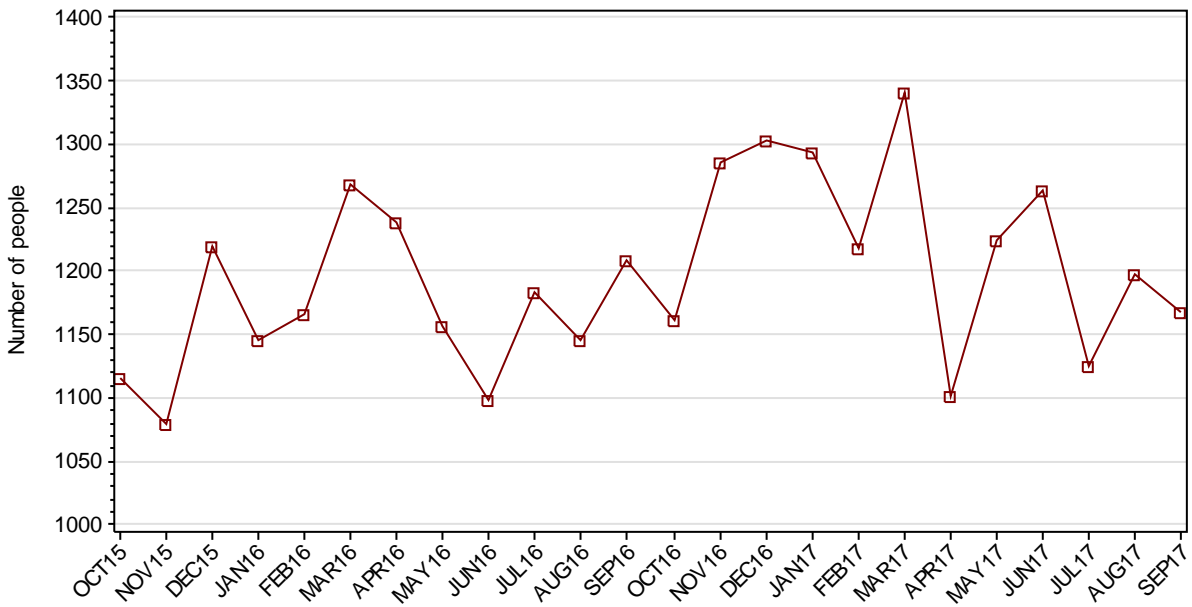


SECTION 2.2 ADULT CUSTODY RECEPTIONS

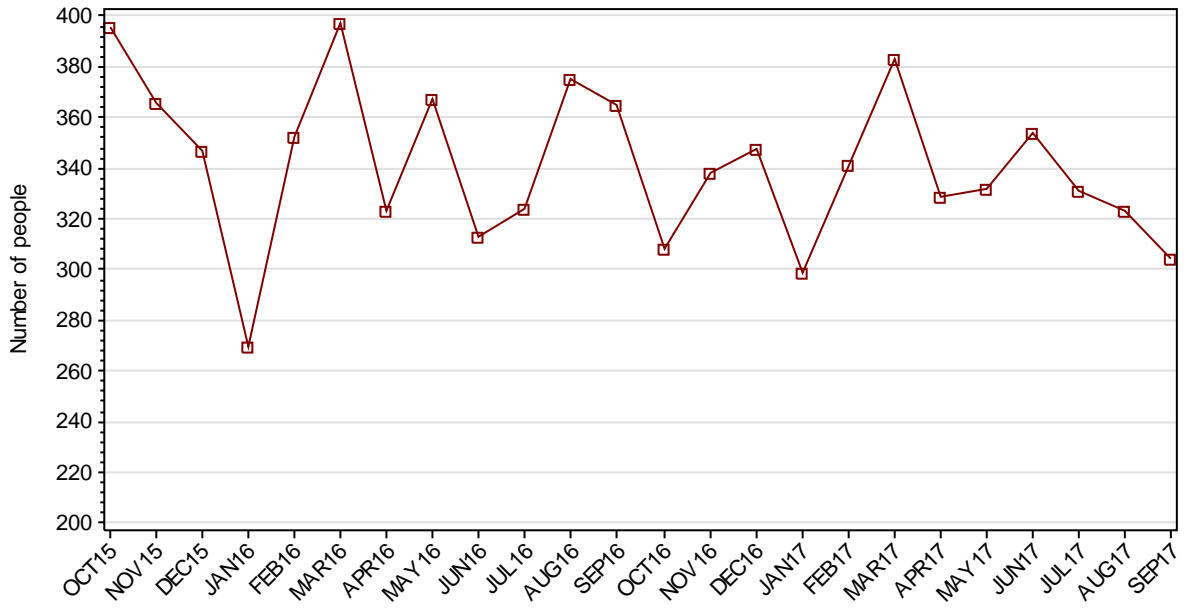
2.2.1 ADULTS RECEIVED INTO CUSTODY DURING MONTH



2.2.2 ADULT REMAND RECEPTIONS

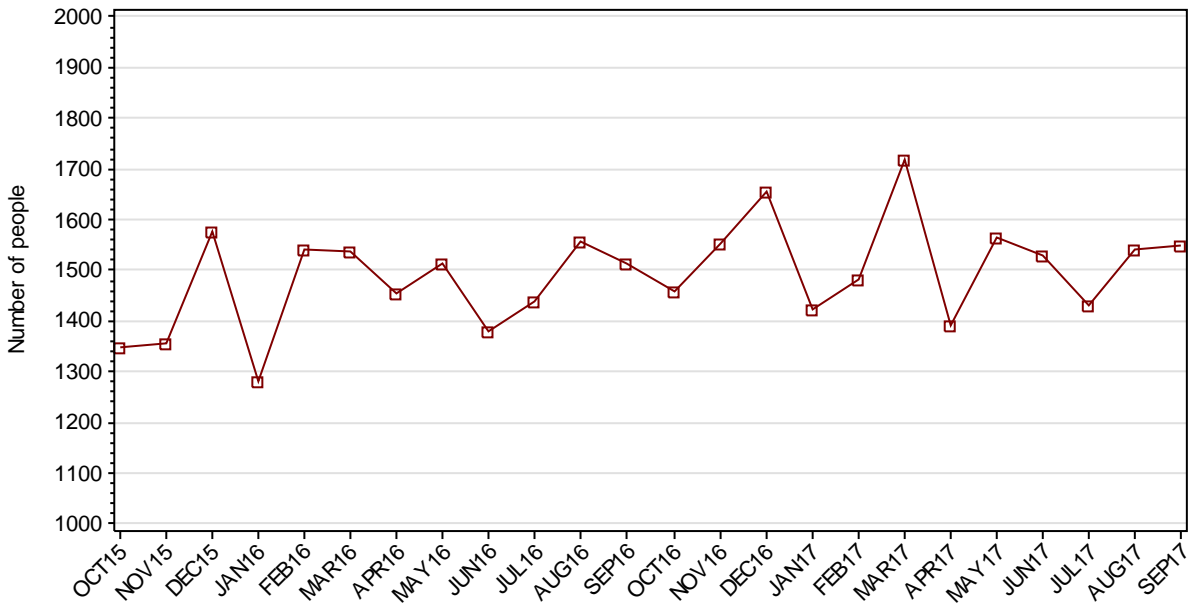


2.2.3 ADULT SENTENCED RECEPTIONS



SECTION 2.3 ADULT CUSTODY DISCHARGES

2.3.1 ADULTS DISCHARGED FROM CUSTODY DURING MONTH

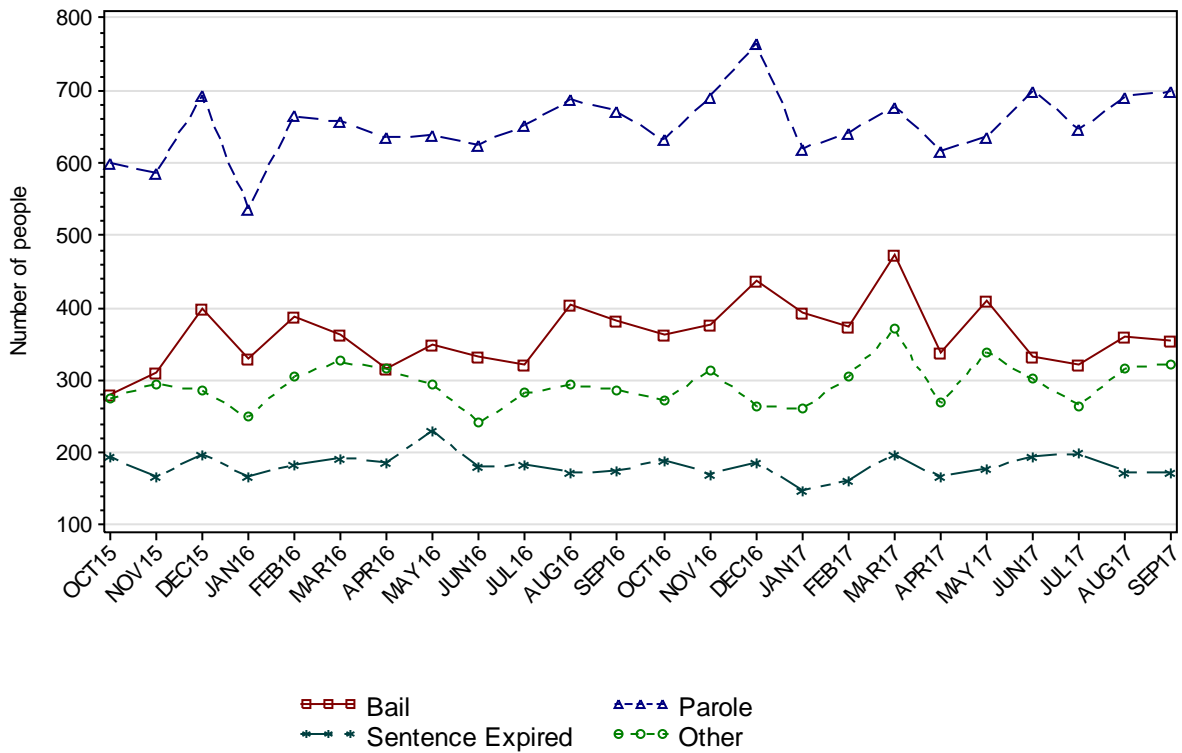


2.3.2 AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY FOR ADULTS DISCHARGED FROM CUSTODY EACH QUARTER

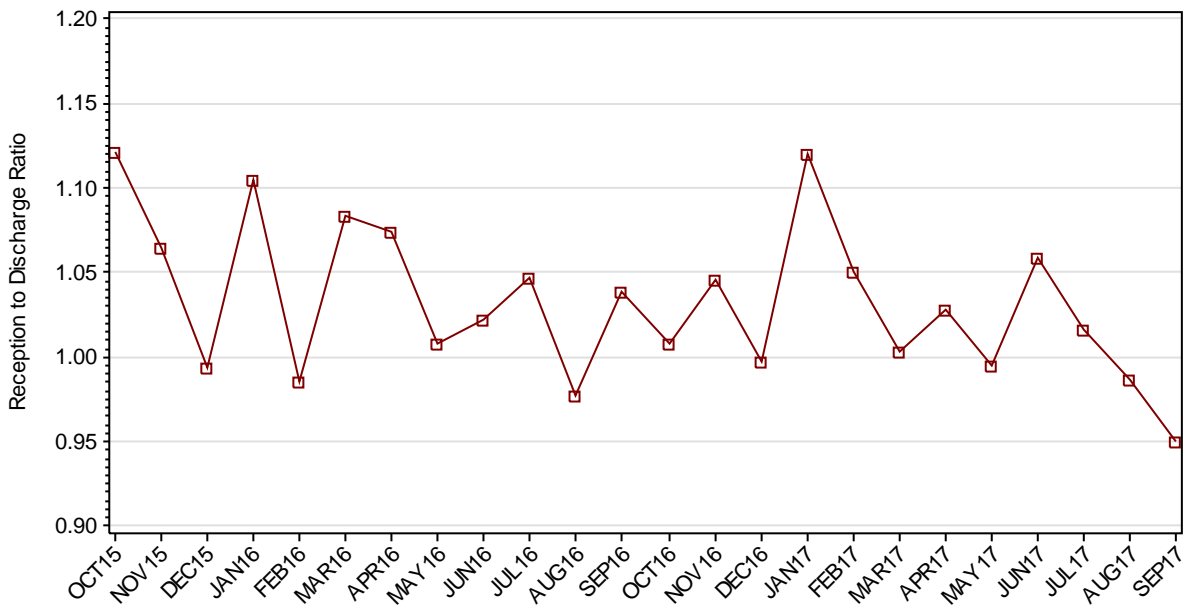
		Remand Custody Only		Sentenced Custody Only		Remand to Sentenced Custody	
		JUN17	SEP17	JUN17	SEP17	JUN17	SEP17
Total Male	Avg Days	53.2	55.2	216.4	229.4	436.2	427.2
	Number	1230	1242	878	883	1694	1742
Total Female	Avg Days	36.3	37.0	145.3	144.2	244.5	221.7
	Number	343	314	132	138	207	203
Indigenous Male	Avg Days	57.2	46.2	209.3	211.6	349.3	347.0
	Number	284	321	262	270	478	499
Indigenous Female	Avg Days	36.2	33.0	138.1	128.7	194.5	194.3
	Number	129	105	59	52	98	90
Total	Avg Days	49.5	51.5	207.1	217.9	415.4	405.8
	Number	1573	1556	1010	1021	1901	1945

Note: Length of Stay for Remand to Sentenced Custody is from the date of reception on remand to date of discharge after serving sentence.

2.3.3 ADULTS BY DISCHARGE TYPE



2.3.4 RATIO OF ADULT RECEPTIONS TO DISCHARGES



Part 3 DATA TABLES

Juvenile	1.In Custody										Remand to Sent
	Total	Legal Status			Indigenous			Indigenous Legal Status			
		Court Bail Ref.	Police Bail Ref.	Sent	Yes	No	Unk	Court Bail Ref.	Police Bail Ref.	Sent	
OCT15	292	151	1	140	147	144	1	81	0	66	35
NOV15	277	136	7	134	155	122	0	82	6	67	29
DEC15	277	145	6	126	147	129	1	80	3	64	29
JAN16	277	157	2	118	153	123	1	85	1	67	28
FEB16	269	144	3	122	154	115	0	82	1	71	29
MAR16	289	160	6	123	149	140	0	79	2	68	38
APR16	309	178	7	124	163	146	0	89	1	73	31
MAY16	300	160	6	134	170	130	0	89	2	79	51
JUN16	280	144	7	129	152	128	0	71	0	81	34
JUL16	261	129	2	130	145	114	2	64	0	81	35
AUG16	243	111	11	121	128	115	0	52	5	71	30
SEP16	254	127	3	124	126	128	0	56	0	70	27
OCT16	260	131	2	127	127	129	4	56	1	70	32
NOV16	270	132	9	129	140	129	1	63	5	72	30
DEC16	249	137	5	107	136	112	1	72	4	60	24
JAN17	278	152	4	122	155	122	1	82	2	71	30
FEB17	263	150	4	109	146	115	2	77	3	66	25
MAR17	279	157	3	119	144	131	4	74	1	69	40
APR17	299	186	11	102	155	140	4	96	3	56	19
MAY17	275	160	7	108	138	131	6	75	2	61	38
JUN17	288	155	6	127	145	138	5	75	2	68	46
JUL17	286	166	2	118	128	150	8	68	1	59	22
AUG17	270	158	2	110	123	144	3	65	2	56	25
SEP17	288	159	7	122	130	153	5	69	2	59	33

Juvenile	2.Receptions							3.Discharges									Ratio Rec/ Dis
	Tot	Legal Status			Indigenous			Tot	Discharge Type					Indigenous			
		Court Bail Ref.	Police Bail Ref.	Sent	Yes	No	Unk		Bail	Not Proven Non-Cust.	Other	Parole	Sent Exp	Yes	No	Unk	
OCT15	273	118	143	12	125	145	3	268	189	34	3	37	5	131	135	2	1.02
NOV15	242	107	124	11	133	106	3	259	178	38	1	39	3	126	129	4	0.93
DEC15	251	107	131	13	110	136	5	249	172	28	4	44	1	116	129	4	1.01
JAN16	259	127	120	12	128	125	6	257	191	22	6	31	7	121	130	6	1.01
FEB16	254	113	125	16	135	109	10	261	203	24	1	29	4	135	115	11	0.97
MAR16	267	137	120	10	122	139	6	248	171	32	4	41	0	126	116	6	1.08
APR16	266	132	122	12	107	153	6	244	180	28	0	34	2	92	146	6	1.09
MAY16	255	111	135	9	109	141	5	264	190	31	0	39	4	106	153	5	0.97
JUN16	240	99	134	7	103	132	5	262	188	27	1	43	3	120	137	5	0.92
JUL16	228	99	124	5	106	115	7	248	181	30	1	34	2	113	130	5	0.92
AUG16	225	90	131	4	88	132	5	245	176	23	5	34	7	105	133	7	0.92
SEP16	235	99	126	10	92	139	4	224	166	27	4	27	0	94	126	4	1.05
OCT16	238	115	116	7	89	136	13	232	175	24	1	31	1	88	135	9	1.03
NOV16	274	130	132	12	132	133	9	261	195	29	2	34	1	118	131	12	1.05
DEC16	244	119	122	3	117	116	11	269	201	25	2	39	2	123	135	11	0.91
JAN17	278	133	135	10	135	139	4	248	214	13	3	17	1	115	129	4	1.12
FEB17	253	131	115	7	119	122	12	267	206	19	4	36	2	128	128	11	0.95
MAR17	297	155	135	7	139	149	9	282	229	20	1	26	6	142	133	7	1.05
APR17	259	107	145	7	116	133	10	239	181	24	3	30	1	105	124	10	1.08
MAY17	238	102	130	6	99	127	12	261	200	25	4	29	3	116	135	10	0.91
JUN17	235	117	108	10	99	129	7	223	165	29	3	25	1	92	123	8	1.05
JUL17	249	130	109	10	99	132	18	252	192	23	1	32	4	116	121	15	0.99
AUG17	230	103	122	5	106	117	7	246	169	38	5	30	4	112	122	12	0.93
SEP17	250	125	119	6	106	131	13	233	183	23	2	22	3	99	123	11	1.07

Adult	1.In Custody								Remand to Sent
	Total	Legal Status		Indigenous			Indigenous Legal Status		
		Remand	Sent	Yes	No	Unk	Remand	Sent	
OCT15	12081	3751	8330	3003	9045	33	905	2098	613
NOV15	12166	3757	8409	2984	9144	38	868	2116	604
DEC15	12150	3881	8269	2913	9204	33	893	2020	564
JAN16	12297	4085	8212	2956	9299	42	930	2026	513
FEB16	12276	4065	8211	3005	9221	50	937	2068	650
MAR16	12390	4090	8300	3041	9303	46	951	2090	671
APR16	12509	4204	8305	3066	9395	48	970	2096	658
MAY16	12522	4141	8381	3055	9423	44	939	2116	704
JUN16	12550	4170	8380	3051	9455	44	908	2143	600
JUL16	12616	4236	8380	3045	9523	48	931	2114	648
AUG16	12584	4194	8390	3056	9484	44	945	2111	646
SEP16	12641	4177	8464	3045	9551	45	914	2131	688
OCT16	12659	4240	8419	3031	9582	46	947	2084	567
NOV16	12726	4248	8478	3038	9640	48	953	2085	698
DEC16	12729	4388	8341	3073	9600	56	1024	2049	622
JAN17	12901	4614	8287	3123	9715	63	1088	2035	534
FEB17	12978	4591	8387	3187	9712	79	1112	2075	693
MAR17	12955	4469	8486	3204	9674	77	1091	2113	779
APR17	13022	4470	8552	3218	9721	83	1082	2136	643
MAY17	13018	4348	8670	3183	9746	89	1029	2154	787
JUN17	13092	4309	8783	3172	9828	92	1038	2134	791
JUL17	13120	4288	8832	3179	9846	95	1028	2151	680
AUG17	13102	4180	8922	3160	9830	112	1003	2157	757
SEP17	13017	4221	8796	3090	9754	173	990	2100	607

Adult	2.Receptions						3.Discharges								Ratio Rec/ Dis
	Tot	Legal Status		Indigenous			Tot	Discharge Type				Indigenous			
		Remand	Sent	Yes	No	Unk		Bail	Other	Parole	Sent Exp	Yes	No	Unk	
OCT15	1511	1115	396	426	1058	27	1348	279	274	601	194	385	938	25	1.12
NOV15	1445	1079	366	393	1026	26	1357	311	295	585	166	411	926	20	1.06
DEC15	1566	1219	347	422	1113	31	1575	398	286	693	198	492	1047	36	0.99
JAN16	1416	1146	270	437	947	32	1282	329	249	538	166	395	865	22	1.10
FEB16	1518	1166	352	448	1021	49	1541	387	305	665	184	400	1101	40	0.99
MAR16	1666	1269	397	481	1135	50	1538	362	326	657	193	439	1047	52	1.08
APR16	1561	1238	323	428	1101	32	1454	317	315	635	187	407	1018	29	1.07
MAY16	1524	1157	367	418	1074	32	1512	349	294	639	230	426	1051	35	1.01
JUN16	1411	1098	313	372	1009	30	1380	333	241	626	180	374	974	32	1.02
JUL16	1508	1184	324	420	1053	35	1440	322	282	652	184	428	981	31	1.05
AUG16	1521	1146	375	459	1034	28	1557	403	294	687	173	451	1073	33	0.98
SEP16	1573	1208	365	436	1111	26	1514	382	286	671	175	450	1040	24	1.04
OCT16	1469	1161	308	424	1006	39	1458	364	272	632	190	439	982	37	1.01
NOV16	1624	1286	338	474	1118	32	1552	376	314	691	171	465	1058	29	1.05
DEC16	1651	1303	348	472	1118	61	1655	437	265	766	187	441	1153	61	1.00
JAN17	1593	1294	299	476	1070	47	1422	394	260	619	149	424	958	40	1.12
FEB17	1559	1218	341	479	1027	53	1484	374	305	642	163	416	1030	38	1.05
MAR17	1724	1341	383	488	1180	56	1718	473	370	678	197	467	1193	58	1.00
APR17	1431	1102	329	406	987	38	1392	339	268	618	167	395	965	32	1.03
MAY17	1556	1224	332	426	1089	41	1563	410	339	636	178	462	1065	36	1.00
JUN17	1618	1264	354	457	1123	38	1529	334	301	700	194	453	1041	35	1.06
JUL17	1456	1125	331	428	989	39	1432	322	265	646	199	418	978	36	1.02
AUG17	1521	1198	323	419	1044	58	1541	359	317	692	173	438	1063	40	0.99
SEP17	1471	1167	304	417	968	86	1549	355	323	699	172	481	1042	26	0.95

Part 4 GLOSSARY

Adult

A person held in custody in a gazetted correctional centre managed by Corrective Services NSW (CSNSW). Persons may have been remanded in custody after being refused bail or sentenced to a custodial order for a proven offence.

The adult figures in this report include the small number of 16 and 17 year old males held in the Kariong Juvenile Correctional Centre.

ANZSOC

The Australian Bureau of Statistics Australian and New Zealand Standard Offence Classification (ANZSOC) groups criminal offences into 16 broad divisions:

1. Homicide and related offences
2. Acts intended to cause injury
3. Sexual assault and related offences
4. Dangerous or negligent acts endangering persons
5. Abduction, harassment and other offences against the person
6. Robbery, extortion and related offences
7. Unlawful entry with intent/burglary, break and enter
8. Theft and related offences
9. Fraud, deception and related offences
10. Illicit drug offences
11. Prohibited and regulated weapons and explosives offences
12. Property damage and environmental pollution
13. Public order offences
14. Traffic and vehicle regulatory offences
15. Offences against justice procedures, government security and government operations
16. Miscellaneous offences

For further information see:

<http://www.abs.gov.au/AUSSTATS/abs@.nsf/DetailsPage/1234.02011>

Note that shortened titles are used in this report.

Average length of stay

The length of stay is the duration of the custodial episode, from the date of reception to the date of discharge.

The average length of stay (in days) is presented for three types of custodial episodes:

Remand custody only - the person entered custody after being refused bail and was then discharged from custody without having been sentenced. Most commonly discharged after being granted bail, other reasons include criminal charges not proven, receiving a non-custodial penalty for a proven offence or being transferred interstate or from a juvenile to an adult prison or vice versa.

Sentenced custody only - persons who entered custody only after being sentenced to a custodial penalty by a court. These persons had either been granted bail, or bail had been dispensed with, pending finalisation of their charges.

Remand to sentenced custody - persons who had been remanded in custody prior to having a custodial sentence imposed by a court. The length of stay for these people is the entire time from reception on remand to discharge after serving the custodial sentence.

Note: Persons initially remanded in custody but then granted bail prior to having a custodial penalty imposed by a court are counted as two custodial episodes: one of remand custody only and one of sentenced custody only.

Bail

Under the provisions of the *Bail Act 2013*, police and courts may grant or refuse to grant bail to alleged offenders. The grant of bail takes into consideration the alleged offence and offender. Bail is granted at the offence level and so a person may be granted bail for one offence and refused bail for another offence.

Persons refused bail (and small numbers granted bail but unable to meet the bail conditions set by a court) are remanded into custody pending further court action.

Juvenile custody population data in this report disaggregates persons remanded into custody into those refused police bail and refused court bail. This is because all juveniles refused police bail are held in Juvenile Justice centres whereas not all adults refused police bail are held in gazetted correctional centres or 24 hour police cell complexes.

Control order

See Custodial sentence

Corrective Services NSW

Corrective Services NSW (CSNSW) is part of the NSW Department of Attorney General and Justice with responsibilities including the supervision of people remanded in custody pending the finalisation of criminal charges and offenders sentenced to a custodial order.

See <http://www.correctiveservices.nsw.gov.au/> for further information.

The Corrections Research, Evaluation and Statistics (CRES) section of CSNSW have provided the adult custody data for this report and advised on its interpretation.

Court bail refused

See Bail

Custodial episode

A custodial episode is the time between the reception into and discharge from custody. An individual may have multiple custodial episodes within the reporting period. A change in legal status between the reception and discharge date, for example changing from being bail refused to being sentenced to a custodial order, does not count as a new custodial episode.

Custodial sentence

Courts may impose a custodial sentence for a proven offence. For adults this is a term of imprisonment under the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*. For young people this is a control order of up to two years duration or a term of imprisonment to be served partly or wholly as a juvenile under the *Children (Criminal Proceedings) Act 1987*. A person may be given custodial sentences for multiple proven offences.

While the majority of persons held under sentence in a correctional centre are sentenced under the *Crimes (Sentencing Procedure) Act 1999*, offenders whose parole has been revoked by the State Parole Authority, persons sentenced under the *Commonwealth Crimes Act 1914*, those sentenced under the *Mental Health (Forensic Provision) Act 1990*, small numbers of persons held under immigration orders awaiting deportation following expiry of their sentence and persons sentenced under legislation in other states or territories are also managed by CSNSW.

Custody population

Persons held in custody in a JJNSW juvenile justice centre or a CSNSW gazetted correctional centre, whether remanded or sentenced. Custody population figures are counted as at midnight on the last day of the month or quarter as appropriate. Persons held in a CSNSW managed police/court cell complex at midnight on the last day of the month but later transferred to a gazetted correctional centre are included in custody population figures for that month.

Discharge type

The type of reason why persons were discharged from custody:

Bail - courts granted the person bail pending the finalisation of their criminal charge(s).

Parole - the person was released to parole after serving the non-parole period of custodial sentence(s).

Sentence expired - the person was released after serving the entire period of all custodial sentence(s) imposed. This includes some persons who served both the non-parole and parole components of their sentence(s) in custody.

Not proven / non-custodial penalty - juvenile data only - the person was released after criminal charges were not proven or after the court imposed a non-custodial penalty for a proven offence, e.g. good behaviour bond.

Other - includes persons transferred to the NSW Drug Court, interstate or from a juvenile to an adult prison or vice versa and deceased persons. Includes adults released after criminal charges were not proven, after the court imposed a non-custodial penalty for a proven offence and where the specific nature of the court's final non-custodial disposal is unknown.

Discharges

Persons legally discharged from JJNSW or CSNSW custody in accordance with a court order (including any State Parole Authority order). For example - to parole, on expiry of a sentence or having been granted bail. Note that persons whose legal status changed from remand to sentenced or the reverse are not counted as discharges as they have not been discharged from custody.

Forecast

The adult prison population forecast is generated using an autoregressive integrated moving average (ARIMA) model. The model is estimated following the Box-Jenkins approach. The forecast is calculated from the average monthly prison population data from January 2011 to the current month.

The juvenile custody population forecast is generated using an exponential smoothing model. The model is estimated using a Holt-Winters additive method. The forecast is calculated from the average monthly juvenile custody population from January 2011 to the current month.

Imprisonment

See Custodial sentence

Indigenous status

Indigenous status as self-reported on reception into custody. Persons may identify as being Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander, neither Aboriginal nor Torres Strait Islander or may not provide this information. An inmate is recorded as indigenous if they have identified as such in the current or any previous custodial episode. Indigenous status is unknown for a small proportion of people.

Juvenile

A person held in custody in a juvenile justice centre. These centres are managed by Juvenile Justice NSW (JJNSW). A young person in juvenile custody may have been refused bail by police, refused bail by the court or sentenced to a custodial sentence.

All young persons refused bail by police must be taken to a juvenile justice centre to be held in custody pending their court appearance. Young persons refused police bail cannot be held in a police or court cell.

Note: a small number of 16 and 17 year old males are held in Kariiong Juvenile Correctional Centre which is managed by CSNSW. As Kariiong is a gazetted correctional centre, these young persons are counted in the adult figures in this report.

Juvenile Justice NSW

Juvenile Justice NSW (JJNSW) is part of the NSW Department of Attorney General and Justice with responsibilities including the supervision of young people remanded in custody pending the finalisation of criminal charges and young offenders sentenced to a control order/imprisonment.

See <http://www.djj.nsw.gov.au/> for further information.

The Research and Information Section of JJNSW have provided the juvenile data for this report and advised on its interpretation.

Legal status

The legal status of persons received into or held in custody:

Remand (Juvenile) - Juveniles refused bail (and small numbers granted bail but unable to meet conditions) are remanded into custody pending future court action.

Juvenile remand figures are disaggregated into:

- Police bail refused - Police have refused to grant bail to a juvenile. All juveniles refused bail by police are held in custody in a juvenile justice centre pending future court action.
- Court bail refused - the courts have refused to grant bail to a juvenile pending future court action.

Remand (Adult) - adults refused bail (and small numbers granted bail but unable to meet conditions) are remanded in custody pending future court action. Includes a small number of persons refused police bail and remanded in custody in a gazetted correctional centre.

Includes persons on remand who are being managed as correctional patients under the *Mental Health (Forensic Provisions) Act 1990*.

Sentenced - the courts have imposed custodial sentence(s) for proven offence(s). This category includes persons returned to custody after breaching parole. Includes forensic patients as per the *Mental Health (Forensic Provisions) Act 1990* (ie persons found unfit to be tried and persons found not guilty due to mental illness). Persons on remand for one or more offences and sentenced for one or more offences have a legal status of sentenced.

Unknown - adults whose legal status was not recorded at the time of admission.

Legal status changed from remand to sentenced

Persons whose legal status changed from remand to sentenced upon the imposition of a custodial sentence by a court. This report shows the numbers of persons during each month who changed from being on remand to being sentenced.

Most serious offence

The most serious offence type for which each person is in custody. The offence type categories in this report are the sixteen ANZSOC Divisions, with shortened titles (See ANZSOC).

Most serious offence data is presented in a radar chart and a data table. The radar chart consists of a circle with a series of 'spokes' running from the centre of the circle to the perimeter. Each spoke represents a different offence type. The radar chart is constructed by placing a point on each spoke marking the proportion of prisoners with that offence type as their most serious offence. The higher the proportion, the closer the point to the perimeter. The points are then connected and the resulting figure inside the circle gives a picture of the distribution of most serious offence type across prisoners. A different type/colour of line is used for each quarter, making changes from quarter to quarter apparent. Note that offence types with no observations are plotted a short distance from the zero radius so that the numbers for every offence type can be observed.

The data table displays the number and proportion of persons in custody for each of the most serious offence types. The data is presented separately for sentenced persons and persons on remand:

Most Serious Offence – Adults:

The most serious offence for adults is as provided by CSNSW.

A person's most serious offence may change over the course of their custodial episode depending on offences for which they are in custody at any one time. The Most Serious Offence data presented in this report are stock data and are sourced from data extracts run two to three weeks after the end of the quarter.

The data for the previous quarter is as at the previous quarter's custody report.

Extracting the data after the same time lag each quarter reduces variability due to extract timing and so is indicative of a change in the broad offence profile of persons in custody between the end of the current and previous quarters.

Due to the way that MSO is recorded and the data extracted, it is not available for receptions or discharge data.

Most Serious Offence – Juveniles:

Most serious offence for juveniles is compiled by matching custody order records from JJNSW with sentencing and bail refused orders sourced from the JusticeLink system used by the NSW criminal courts. Data is matched using JusticeLink Proceeding Number, a unique offence identifier which is available in the JJNSW data from January 2011.

- The most serious offence for juveniles remanded in custody is the offence with the highest Median Sentence Ranking (MSR). The MSR is a ranking of ANZSOC codes and was developed by BOCSAR using data on sentences imposed in the NSW criminal courts. The MSR can be used to select the most serious offence when sentencing data is not available and to select most serious offence when multiple offences have the same custodial order duration. For further information see the BOCSAR's Crime and Justice Bulletin No.142 "Measuring Offence Seriousness": [www.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/lawlink/bocsar/ll_bocsar.nsf/vwFiles/CJB142.pdf/\\$file/CJB142.pdf](http://www.bocsar.nsw.gov.au/lawlink/bocsar/ll_bocsar.nsf/vwFiles/CJB142.pdf/$file/CJB142.pdf)
- The most serious offence for sentenced juveniles is the offence with the longest custodial order. For juveniles with more than one offence type with the same custodial order duration, the offence with the highest Median Sentence Ranking is selected as the most serious offence.
- Juveniles sentenced to a custodial order after breaching a non-custodial penalty (eg a suspended sentence, Community Service Order or good behaviour bond) have a most serious offence type of *Justice procedure offence* rather than the type of offence for which the non-custodial penalty was originally imposed (eg robbery/extortion, drug offences).

Note: this differs from the definition of most serious offence used in the Australian Bureau of Statistics Prisoners in Australia publication series (*ABS cat.no.4517.0*)

Police bail refused

See Bail.

Receptions

Persons received into Juvenile Justice custody or a gazetted correctional centre. Gazetted correctional centres are managed by CSNSW. Persons received into CSNSW custody and managed only in CSNSW 24-hour police/court cell complexes are excluded.

Ratio of receptions to discharges

The ratio of receptions to discharges. A ratio greater than 1 means there were more receptions than discharges during the month; a ratio less than 1 means there were more discharges than receptions during the month.

Remand

See Legal status.

Sentenced

See Legal status.

24 hour police/court cell complexes

In addition to gazetted correctional centres, CSNSW manage a number of police/court cell complexes. This report excludes persons received and then discharged from a CSNSW-managed 24 hour police/court cell complex without entering a gazetted correctional centre.